INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 12 CENTENNIAL SCHOOLS CIRCLE PINES, MINNESOTA

Financial Statements and Supplementary Information

Year Ended June 30, 2022 THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION

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School Board and Administration Year Ended June 30, 2022

SCHOOL BOARD

Board Position

Chairperson Vice-Chairperson Clerk Treasurer Director Director

ADMINISTRATION

Jeffrey Holmberg Patrick Chaffey Mark Grossklaus Krista Bergert Tim Burton Michael Christensen Tara Forner Brian Jamros Daniel Melde Corrine Sendle Kathy Zwonitzer

District Offices

Superintendent Executive Director of Business Services Executive Director of Teaching and Learning Director of Public Information and Community Outreach Director of Building and Grounds Director of Technology Director of Food Service Director of Athletics and Activities Director of Human Resources Director of Community Education Director of Student Services

> Independent School District No. 12 4707 North Road Circle Pines, MN 55014-1898 Phone: (763) 792-6001 Fax: (763) 792-6050

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FINANCIAL SECTION

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PRINCIPALS Thomas A. Karnowski, CPA Paul A. Radosevich, CPA William J. Lauer, CPA James H. Eichten, CPA Aaron J. Nielsen, CPA Victoria L. Holinka, CPA/CMA Jaclyn M. Huegel, CPA Kalen T. Karnowski, CPA

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the School Board and Management of Independent School District No. 12 Circle Pines, Minnesota

OPINIONS

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Independent School District No. 12 (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof, and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

BASIS FOR OPINIONS

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

EMPHASIS OF MATTER

Change in Accounting Principle

As described in Note 1 to the financial statements, in fiscal 2022, the District adopted new accounting guidance, Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 87, *Leases*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

(continued)

RESPONSIBILITIES OF MANAGEMENT FOR THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for 12 months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not absolute assurance and, therefore, is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government* Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and the required supplementary information (RSI), as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the GASB, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the RSI in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules, and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying Uniform Financial Accounting and Reporting Standards (UFARS) Compliance Table is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Minnesota Department of Education, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements of the District. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules, the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, and the UFARS Compliance Table are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and other district information sections, but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Prior Year Comparative Information

We have previously audited the District's 2021 financial statements, and we expressed unmodified audit opinions on the respective financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information in our report dated October 14, 2021. In our opinion, the partial comparative information presented herein as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021 is consistent, in all material respects, with the audited financial statements from which it has been derived.

OTHER REPORTING REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 8, 2022 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Malloy, Montague, Karnowski, Radosenich & Co., P.A.

Minneapolis, Minnesota December 8, 2022

Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended June 30, 2022

This section of Independent School District No. 12's (the District) annual financial statements presents management's narrative overview and analysis of the District's financial performance during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. Please read it in conjunction with the other components of the District's annual financial statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The District's assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at June 30, 2022 by \$11,355,799 (net position). The District's total net position increased by \$21,167,370 during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.
- Government-wide revenues totaled \$113,119,689 and were \$21,167,370 more than expenses of \$91,952,319.
- The General Fund's total fund balance (under the governmental fund presentation) increased \$10,197,944 over the prior year, compared to an increase of \$2,393,221 planned in the budget.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial section of the annual financial statements consists of the following parts:

- Independent Auditor's Report;
- Management's discussion and analysis;
- Basic financial statements, including the government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and the notes to basic financial statements;
- Required supplementary information; and
- Supplementary information consisting of combining and individual fund statements and schedules.

The following explains the two types of statements included in the basic financial statements:

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The government-wide financial statements (Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities) report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private sector companies. The Statement of Net Position includes *all* of the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, except for the fiduciary funds. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the Statement of Activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide financial statements report the District's *net position* and how it has changed. Net position—the difference between the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources—is one way to measure the District's financial health or *position*.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are indicators of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall health of the District requires consideration of additional nonfinancial factors, such as changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of school buildings and other facilities.

In the government-wide financial statements the District's activities are all shown in one category titled "governmental activities." These activities, including regular and special education instruction, transportation, administration, food services, and community education, are primarily financed with state aids and property taxes.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's *funds*, focusing on its most significant or major funds, rather than the District as a whole. Funds (Food Service Special Revenue and Community Service Special Revenue) that do not meet the threshold to be classified as major funds are called nonmajor funds. Detailed financial information for nonmajor funds can be found in the supplemental information section.

Funds are accounting devices the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs. For Minnesota schools, funds are established in accordance with Uniform Financial Accounting and Reporting Standards in accordance with statutory requirements and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Some funds are required by state law and by bond covenants. The District can establish other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is properly using certain revenues.

The District maintains the following kinds of funds:

Governmental Funds – The District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on: 1) how *cash and other financial assets* that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out, and 2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed *short-term* view that helps to determine whether there are more or less financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide financial statements, we provide additional information (reconciliation schedules) immediately following the governmental fund financial statements that explain the relationship (or differences) between these two types of financial statement presentations.

Proprietary Funds – The District maintains one type of proprietary fund. The internal service funds are used as an accounting device to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the District's various functions. The District uses its internal service funds to account for the self-insurance activities of district employees' medical and dental claims. These services have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail.

Fiduciary Funds – The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for assets that belong to other organizations or individuals. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in the fiduciary fund are used only for their intended purposes and by those to whom the assets belong. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate Statement of Fiduciary Net Position and a Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position. We exclude these activities from the government-wide financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

Table 1 is a summarized view of the District's Statement of Net Position:

Table 1Summary Statement of Net Positionas of June 30, 2022 and 2021					
	2022	2021			
Assets Current and other assets Capital assets, net of depreciation/amortization	\$ 148,994,277 129,507,146	\$ 85,650,690 125,872,804			
Total assets	\$ 278,501,423	\$ 211,523,494			
Deferred outflows of resources Pension plan deferments OPEB plan deferments	\$ 23,319,808 1,545,795	\$ 31,629,208 1,148,170			
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$ 24,865,603	\$ 32,777,378			
Liabilities Current and other liabilities Long-term liabilities, including due within one year	\$ 10,735,489 191,733,776	\$ 10,798,160 161,387,721			
Total liabilities	\$ 202,469,265	\$ 172,185,881			
Deferred inflows of resources Property taxes levied for subsequent year Pension plan deferments OPEB plan deferments	\$ 25,333,701 60,094,659 4,113,602	\$ 25,298,816 50,800,812 5,826,934			
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$ 89,541,962	\$ 81,926,562			
Net position Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 41,830,688 16,203,497 (46,678,386)	\$ 38,539,157 11,422,521 (59,773,249)			
Total net position	\$ 11,355,799	\$ (9,811,571)			

The District's financial position is the product of many factors. For example, the determination of the District's net investment in capital assets involves many assumptions and estimates, such as current and accumulated depreciation/amortization amounts. A conservative versus liberal approach to depreciation and amortization estimates, as well as capitalization policies, will produce a significant difference in the calculated amounts. Another major factor in determining net position as compared to fund balances are the liabilities for long-term severance, pension, and other post-employment benefits (OPEB), which impacts the unrestricted portion of net position.

The District's increase in net investment in capital assets is due mostly to the relationship between the rate at which the District's capital assets are being added, depreciated, and how that compares to the rate at which the District is repaying the debt issued to purchase or construct those assets. The increase in net position restricted for capital asset acquisition and facilities maintenance, food service, community service, and other purposes contributed to the change in this portion of net position. The change in the District's share of the Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) and the Teachers Retirement Association (TRA) pension plans contributed to the change in deferred outflows, long-term liabilities, deferred inflows, and unrestricted net position. Positive operations and use of pandemic-related funding sources also contributed to the increase in unrestricted net position.

Table 2Summary Statement of Activitiesfor the Years Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021					
	2022	2021			
Revenues					
Program revenues					
Charges for services	\$ 5,768,956	\$ 3,849,973			
Operating grants and contributions	23,884,474	22,525,651			
General revenues					
Property taxes	26,154,496	25,758,108			
General grants and aids	54,735,615	56,682,845			
Other	2,576,148	1,467,114			
Total revenues	113,119,689	110,283,691			
Expenses					
Administration	2,740,270	3,990,923			
District support services	1,551,255	1,507,029			
Elementary and secondary regular instruction	32,421,316	37,464,548			
Vocational education instruction	1,010,157	1,163,439			
Special education instruction	17,530,375	19,273,374			
Instructional support services	4,255,983	5,315,340			
Pupil support services	7,672,042	6,709,885			
Sites and buildings	7,039,527	6,424,138			
Fiscal and other fixed cost programs	315,490	298,296			
Food service	3,848,612	3,196,521			
Community service	4,535,684	4,256,675			
Depreciation/amortization not					
included in other functions	4,976,798	4,278,316			
Interest and fiscal charges on debt	4,054,810	3,247,971			
Total expenses	91,952,319	97,126,455			
Change in net position	21,167,370	13,157,236			
Net position – beginning	(9,811,571)	(22,968,807)			
Net position – ending	\$ 11,355,799	\$ (9,811,571)			

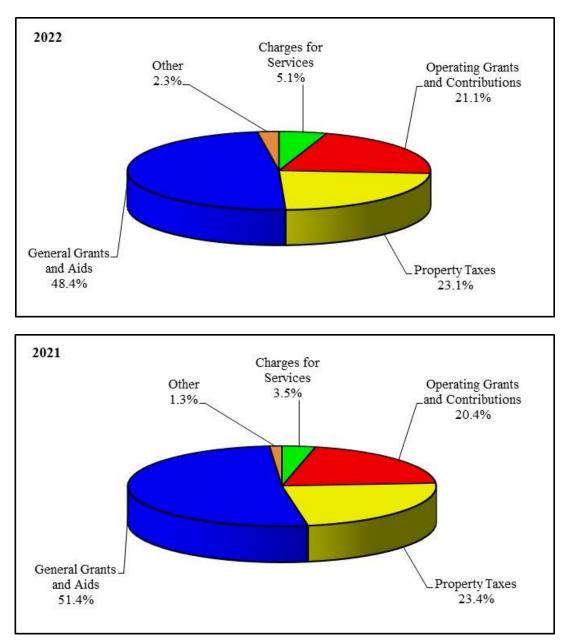
Table 2 presents a summarized version of the District's Statement of Activities:

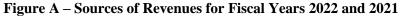
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This table is presented on an accrual basis of accounting, and it includes all of the governmental activities of the District. This statement includes depreciation and amortization expense, but excludes capital asset purchase costs, debt proceeds, and the repayment of debt principal.

The COVID-19 pandemic continues to impact financial activity in the current year when compared to the prior year. Operating grants and contributions increased with more federal revenues recognized through pandemic-related grants and with more meals served in the food service program that were reimbursed at higher rates in the current year. Charges for services and other general revenues were up with less activity restrictions in the current year. Expenses were down compared to the prior year, due in part, to changes in state-wide pension plans.

Figure A shows further analysis of these revenue sources:





The largest share of the District's revenue is received from the state, including the general education aid formula and most of the operating grants.

Property taxes are generally the next largest source of funding. The level of revenue property tax sources provide is not only dependent on district taxpayers by way of operating and building referenda, but also by decisions made by the Legislature in the mix of state aid and local effort in a variety of funding formulas.

Figure B shows further analysis of these expense functions:

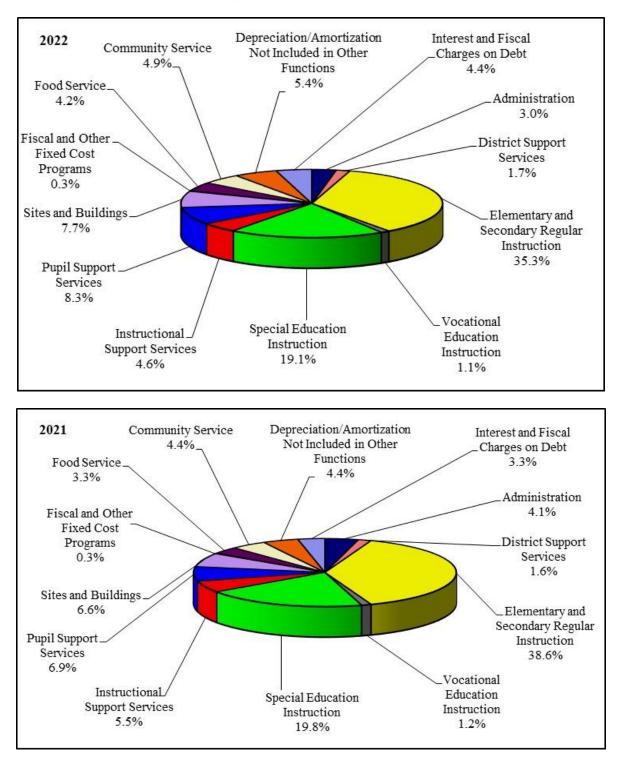


Figure B – Expenses for Fiscal Years 2022 and 2021

The District's expenses are predominately related to educating students. Programs (or functions), such as elementary and secondary regular instruction, vocational education instruction, special education instruction, and instructional support services are directly related to classroom instruction, while the rest of the programs support instruction and other necessary costs to operate the District.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

The financial performance of the District as a whole is also reflected in its governmental funds. Table 3 shows the change in total fund balances of each of the District's governmental funds:

Table 3Governmental Fund Balancesas of June 30, 2022 and 2021					
	2022	2021	Change		
Major funds					
General	\$ 43,096,797	\$ 32,898,853	\$ 10,197,944		
Capital Projects – Building Construction	375,861	7,256,306	(6,880,445)		
Debt Service	60,755,584	2,295,658	58,459,926		
Nonmajor funds					
Food Service Special Revenue	2,383,004	793,743	1,589,261		
Community Service Special Revenue	2,218,988	1,421,084	797,904		
Total governmental funds	\$ 108,830,234	\$ 44,665,644	\$ 64,164,590		

The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for discretionary use, as they represent the portion of fund balance that has not yet been limited to use for a particular purpose by either an external party, the District itself, or a group or individual that has been delegated authority to assign resources for use for particular purposes by the District's School Board.

At June 30, 2022, the District's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$108,830,234, an increase of \$64,164,590 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 17.2 percent of this amount (\$18,719,605) constitutes unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the District's discretion. The remainder of the fund balance is either nonspendable, restricted, or assigned to indicate that it is: 1) not in spendable form (\$276,882), 2) restricted for particular purposes (\$76,165,372), or 3) assigned for particular purposes (\$13,668,375).

ANALYSIS OF THE GENERAL FUND

Table 4 General Fund Budget						
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Change	Percent Change		
Revenue	\$ 86,466,041	\$ 90,004,977	\$ 3,538,936	4.1%		
Expenditures	\$ 85,642,427	\$ 87,611,756	\$ 1,969,329	2.3%		

Table 4 summarizes the amendments to the General Fund budget:

The District is required to adopt an operating budget prior to the beginning of its fiscal year, referred to above as the original budget. During the year, the District amended the budget for known significant changes in circumstances such as: updated enrollment estimates, legislative changes, additional funding received from grants or other local sources, staffing changes, employee contract settlements, insurance premium changes, special education tuition changes, or for new debt issued.

Table 5 summarizes the operating results of the General Fund:

Table 5 General Fund Operating Results						
		Over (Und Final Bud	,		Over (Un Prior Ye	,
	2022 Actual	Amount Percent			Amount	Percent
Revenue and other financing sources	\$ 93,085,814	\$ 3,080,837	3.4%	\$	220,635	0.2%
Expenditures and other financing uses	82,887,870	(4,723,886)	(5.4%)		81,579	0.1%
Net change in fund balances	\$ 10,197,944	\$ 7,804,723		\$	139,056	

The fund balance of the General Fund increased \$10,197,944, compared to an increase of \$2,393,221 approved in the final budget.

General Fund revenues and other financing sources for 2022 increased, compared to the prior year and were over budget as presented in Table 5. The increase over the prior year was primarily due to more property tax revenue as approved with the annual levy, the District collecting more fees and charges as COVID-19 pandemic restrictions eased, and with proceeds recognized on a new lease for copier equipment in the current year. Partially offsetting the increase was a reduction in federal funds reported in the General Fund in the current year. Revenues were over budget in all major revenue categories presented for the General Fund, except federal sources. The largest variance was in state sources with conservative budgeting primarily for special education funding. The District also budgets conservatively for other local sources, which further contributed to the favorable revenue variance.

Total General Fund expenditures and other financing uses for 2022 increased slightly, compared to the prior year and were under budget as presented in Table 5. An increase in spending for purchased services and debt service were offset by a reduction in spending for supplies and materials. Current year expenditures and other financing uses were under budget. The largest variances occurred in personnel spending, due to conservative budgeting and open positions and in capital spending within sites and buildings, due to delays in planned facilities maintenance projects.

COMMENTS ON SIGNIFICANT ACTIVITIES IN OTHER FUNDS

Capital Projects – Building Construction Fund

The Capital Projects – Building Construction Fund ended the year with a decrease in fund balance of \$6,880,445, as the District continued planned spending at Centerville Elementary. The Capital Projects – Building Construction Fund had a restricted fund balance of \$375,861 as of June 30, 2022.

Debt Service Fund

The funding of debt service is controlled in accordance with each outstanding debt issue's financing plan. The Debt Service Fund revenues and other financing sources exceeded expenditures by \$58,459,926 in the current year. The year-end fund balance of \$60,755,584, at June 30, 2022 is restricted for bond refunding payments and future debt service. The District issued \$58,660,000 of refunding bonds in the current year contributing to the significant fund balance increase. This refunding transaction was approved and completed in order to reduce future debt service costs to District taxpayers.

Other Governmental Funds

The Food Service Special Revenue Fund ended the year with revenues exceeding expenditures, increasing equity by \$1,589,261, compared to a planned fund balance increase of \$180,009. As student returned to a more traditional learning model, activity increased significantly, along with enhanced federal funding rates per meal served contributing to the favorable variance in revenues, which more than offset the amount of expenditures exceeding current year appropriations.

The Community Service Special Revenue Fund ended the year with revenues exceeding expenditures, increasing equity by \$797,904, compared to a planned fund balance decrease of \$356,142. The variance to budget was primarily in revenues from other local sources, due to increased program participation with pandemic restrictions easing in the current year and unanticipated utilization of pandemic-related federal funds. Spending exceeded budget with more participation than projected in the budget.

Internal Service Funds

Internal service funds are used to account for the financing of goods and services provided by one department or agency of a government to other departments or agencies on a cost-reimbursement basis. The District currently maintains two internal service funds. These funds are used to account for the District's self-insured health and dental insurance functions.

Operating revenues for the internal service funds for fiscal 2022 totaled \$11,306,791. This is an increase from the fiscal year 2021 operating revenue level of \$10,899,221. Nonoperating revenues totaled \$10,715, which is an increase from the fiscal year 2021 nonoperating revenue of \$7,594. Operating expenses totaled \$10,642,749, which represents a decrease from fiscal year 2021 operating expenditures of \$10,835,183, due to a decrease in health and dental benefit claims.

The net position balance for all internal service funds as of June 30, 2022 was \$4,989,829, which represents an increase of \$674,757 from the prior year.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Capital Assets

Table 6 shows the District's capital assets, together with changes from the previous year. The table also shows the total depreciation/amortization expense for fiscal years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021:

	Table 6 Capital Assets		
	2022	2021	Change
Land	\$ 4,214,035	\$ 4,214,035	\$ -
Construction in progress	9,137,546	1,639,011	7,498,535
Land improvements	8,609,309	8,183,335	425,974
Buildings	188,980,916	188,704,311	276,605
Furniture and equipment	12,637,408	12,479,408	158,000
Furniture and equipment – leased	511,791	_	511,791
Less accumulated			
depreciation/amortization	(94,583,859)	(89,347,296)	(5,236,563)
Total	\$ 129,507,146	\$ 125,872,804	\$ 3,634,342
Depreciation/amortization expense	\$ 5,236,563	\$ 4,448,765	\$ 787,798

By the end of 2022, the District had invested in a broad range of capital assets, including school buildings, athletic facilities, and other equipment for various instructional programs (see Table 6).

The changes presented in the table above reflect the ongoing activity and completion of projects at district sites during fiscal year 2022, including the activity of the Capital Projects – Building Construction Fund discussed on the previous page.

The District defines capital assets as those with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or more, which benefit more than one fiscal year.

Additional details about capital assets can be found in the notes to basic financial statements.

Long-Term Liabilities

Table 7 Outstanding Long-Term Liabilities						
		2022		2021		Change
General obligation bonds payable	\$	155,015,000	\$	104,270,000	\$	50,745,000
Certificates of participation payable		11,715,000		12,380,000		(665,000)
Unamortized premium/discount		(10,196,053)		(11,542,930)		1,346,877
Finance purchases payable		_		37,883		(37,883)
Lease liability		413,372		_		413,372
Severance benefits payable		803,669		1,392,765		(589,096)
Net pension liability		33,373,069		54,850,003		(21,476,934)
Net OPEB liability		609,719				609,719
Total	\$	191,733,776	\$	161,387,721	\$	30,346,055

Table 7 illustrates the components of the District's long-term liabilities with changes from the prior year:

The decreases in certificates of participation payable and financed purchases payable in the table above, are due to the planned repayment schedules reflecting principal payments occurring during fiscal year 2022. The District issued \$58,660,000 in general obligation bonds, to refund existing debt as previously mentioned, increasing general obligation bonds payable, compared to the prior year. The District reported a liability with a new lease agreement for copier equipment, accounting for the change in this category, in accordance with new lease guidance implemented in the current year.

The differences in the net pension liability reflects the change in the District's proportionate share of the state-wide pension obligations for the PERA and the TRA.

The state limits the amount of general obligation debt the District can issue to 15.0 percent of the market value of all taxable property within the District's corporate limits (see Table 8).

Table 8 Limitations on Debt					
District's market value Limit rate	\$ 4,098,165,558 15.0%				
Legal debt limit	\$ 614,724,834				

Additional details of the District's long-term debt activity can be found in the notes to basic financial statements.

FACTORS BEARING ON THE DISTRICT'S FUTURE

With the exception of the voter-approved operating referendum, the District is dependent on the state of Minnesota for a majority of its revenue authority.

The general education program is the method by which school districts receive the majority of their financial support. This source of funding is primarily state aid and, as such, school districts rely heavily on the state of Minnesota for educational resources. The Legislature has added \$135, or 2.00 percent, per pupil to the basic general education funding formula for fiscal year 2023.

The amount of funding a district receives is also dependent on the number of students it serves, meaning attracting and retaining students is critical to the District's financial well-being.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

These financial statements are designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about these statements or need additional financial information, contact the Business Office, Independent School District No. 12, 4707 North Road, Circle Pines, Minnesota 55014-1898.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Statement of Net Position as of June 30, 2022

(With Partial Comparative Information as of June 30, 2021)

	Government	al Activities
	Government 2022	2021
	2022	
Assets		
Cash and temporary investments	\$ 61,530,847	\$ 50,871,161
Receivables		
Current taxes	17,163,904	15,164,068
Delinquent taxes	250,221	335,078
Accounts and interest	371,041	243,660
Due from other governmental units	8,879,401	9,328,033
Due from post-employment benefits trust	1,217,717	1,116,483
Inventory Description	81,837	81,397
Prepaid items Net OPEB asset	195,045	1,103,156
Net OPED asset	—	1,105,150
Restricted assets - temporarily restricted		
Cash and investments for future construction	913,680	7,407,654
Cash and investments for debt service	58,046,699	-
Interest receivable for debt service	343,885	-
Capital assets		
Not depreciated/amortized	13,351,581	5,853,046
Depreciated/amortized, net of accumulated depreciation/amortization	116,155,565	120,019,758
Total capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation/amortization	129,507,146	125,872,804
m , 1 , .	070 501 400	211 522 404
Total assets	278,501,423	211,523,494
Deferred outflows of resources		
Pension plan deferments	23,319,808	31,629,208
OPEB plan deferments	1,545,795	1,148,170
Total deferred outflows of resources	24,865,603	32,777,378
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 303,367,026	\$ 244,300,872
Liabilities		
Salaries and compensated absences payable	\$ 4,636,894	\$ 4,588,286
Accounts and contracts payable	3,613,241	2,295,494
Accrued interest payable	1,083,032	719,781
Due to other governmental units	367,080	348,698
Claims payable	756,000	652,164
Unearned revenue	279,242	2,193,737
T and A sume list likits		
Long-term liabilities	11 022 022	0.751.002
Due within one year	11,823,833	8,751,883
Due in more than one year Total long term liabilities	<u>179,909,943</u> 191,733,776	<u>152,635,838</u> 161,387,721
Total long-term liabilities	191,755,776	101,587,721
Total liabilities	202,469,265	172,185,881
Deferred inflows of resources		
Property taxes levied for subsequent year	25,333,701	25,298,816
Pension plan deferments	60,094,659	50,800,812
OPEB plan deferments	4,113,602	5,826,934
Total deferred inflows of resources	89,541,962	81,926,562
Net position		
Net investment in capital assets	41,830,688	38,539,157
Restricted for	11,050,000	50,559,157
Capital asset acquisition and facilities maintenance	9,491,550	6,660,980
Debt service	1,082,715	1,648,684
Food service	2,383,004	793,743
Community service	2,224,006	1,426,134
Other purposes (state and other funding restrictions)	1,022,222	892,980
Unrestricted	(46,678,386)	(59,773,249)
Total net position	11,355,799	(9,811,571)
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position	\$ 303,367,026	\$ 244,300,872
rotar natinues, defended innows of resources, and net position	φ <u>505,507,020</u>	φ 244,300,872

Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2022 (With Partial Comparative Information for the Year Ended June 30, 2021)

		2021				
		Program	Revenues	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position	
		0	Operating			
		Charges for	· ·		Governmental	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services Contributions		Activities	Activities	
Governmental activities						
Administration	\$ 2,740,270	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (2,740,270)	\$ (3,990,923)	
District support services	1,551,255	29.633	-	(1,521,622)	(1,481,251)	
Elementary and secondary regular	-,,	_,,		(-,,)	(-,,,	
instruction	32,421,316	1,134,600	544,094	(30,742,622)	(36,129,938)	
Vocational education instruction	1,010,157		34,052	(976,105)	(1,104,688)	
Special education instruction	17,530,375	149,694	17,315,174	(65,507)	(1,275,357)	
Instructional support services	4,255,983	_	_	(4,255,983)	(5,315,340)	
Pupil support services	7,672,042	_	_	(7,672,042)	(6,709,885)	
Sites and buildings	7,039,527	_	_	(7,039,527)	(6,424,138)	
Fiscal and other fixed cost programs	315,490	_			(298,296)	
Food service	3,848,612	433,718 5,123,746		(315,490) 1,708,852	673,862	
Community service	4,535,684	4,021,311 867,408		353,035	(1,168,590)	
Depreciation/amortization not						
included in other functions	4,976,798			(4,976,798)	(4,278,316)	
Interest and fiscal charges on debt	4,054,810			(4,054,810)	(3,247,971)	
Total governmental activities	\$ 91,952,319	\$ 5,768,956	\$ 23,884,474	(62,298,889)	(70,750,831)	
	General revenue					
	Taxes					
	Property taxe	s levied for genera	al purposes	16,161,962	15,453,444	
	· ·	s levied for comm	~ ~	677,591	644,134	
	Property taxe	9,314,943	9,660,530			
	General grants and aids					
	Other general r	2,111,847	1,447,331			
	Investment earn	464,301	19,783			
	Total ger	neral revenue	83,466,259	83,908,067		
	Change i	n net position	21,167,370	13,157,236		
	Net position – be	ginning	(9,811,571)	(22,968,807)		
	Net position – en	ding	\$ 11,355,799	\$ (9,811,571)		

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds as of June 30, 2022 (With Partial Comparative Information as of June 30, 2021)

	G	eneral Fund	Capital Projects – Building Construction Fund		Debt Service Fund		
Assets							
Cash and temporary investments	\$	45,572,884	\$		\$	5,536,800	
Cash and investments held by trustee	φ	43,372,004	φ	913,680	φ	58,046,699	
Receivables		_		915,000		38,040,099	
Current taxes		10,605,815				6,125,446	
Delinquent taxes		151,659		_		92,061	
Accounts and interest		54,496		_		343,885	
Due from other governmental units		8,534,632		_	1,110		
Due from other funds		1,430,023		—		1,110	
Inventory		1,450,025		_		_	
Prepaid items		195,045				_	
repaid items		175,045					
Total assets	\$	66,544,554	\$	913,680	\$	70,146,001	
Liabilities							
Salaries and compensated absences payable	\$	4,441,012	\$	_	\$	_	
Accounts and contracts payable		3,112,355		325,513		_	
Due to other governmental units		367,080		_		_	
Unearned revenue		59,291		_		_	
Due to other funds		_	_	212,306		_	
Total liabilities		7,979,738		537,819		_	
Deferred inflows of resources							
Unavailable revenue – delinquent taxes		112,875		-		70,163	
Property taxes levied for subsequent year		15,355,144		_		9,320,254	
Total deferred inflows of resources		15,468,019		_		9,390,417	
Fund balances							
Nonspendable		195,045		_		_	
Restricted		10,513,772		375,861		60,755,584	
Assigned		13,668,375		_		_	
Unassigned		18,719,605				_	
Total fund balances		43,096,797		375,861		60,755,584	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows							
of resources, and fund balances	\$	66,544,554	\$	913,680	\$	70,146,001	

		Total Governmental Funds					
Nor	major Funds		2022		2021		
¢	4.057.050	¢	F () ((F O)	¢	11 (20,000)		
\$	4,957,050	\$	56,066,734	\$	44,638,890		
	_		58,960,379		7,407,654		
	432,643		17,163,904		15,164,068		
	6,501		250,221		335,078		
	34,829		433,210		27,676		
	343,659		8,879,401		9,328,033		
	_		1,430,023		1,116,483		
	81,837		81,837		81,397		
			195,045		, 		
\$	5,856,519	\$	143,460,754	\$	78,099,279		
					· · · ·		
\$	195,882	\$	4,636,894	\$	4,588,286		
	175,373		3,613,241		2,295,494		
	_		367,080		348,698		
	219,951		279,242		712,718		
	—		212,306		_		
	591,206		9,108,763		7,945,196		
	5,018		188,056		189,623		
	658,303		25,333,701		25,298,816		
	663,321		25,521,757		25,488,439		
	81,837		276,882		81,397		
	4,520,155		76,165,372		19,239,354		
	-		13,668,375		10,701,985		
	_		18,719,605		14,642,908		
	4,601,992		108,830,234		44,665,644		
	, , - ,				, ,		
\$	5,856,519	\$	143,460,754	\$	78,099,279		

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Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position Governmental Funds as of June 30, 2022 (With Partial Comparative Information as of June 30, 2021)

		2022	2021	
Total fund balances – governmental funds	\$	108,830,234	\$	44,665,644
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:				
Capital assets are included in net position, but are excluded from fund balances because they do not represent financial resources.				
Cost of capital assets Accumulated depreciation		224,091,005 (94,583,859)		215,220,100 (89,347,296)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds				
are included in the governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position.		4,989,829		4,315,072
Long-term liabilities are included in net position, but are excluded from fund balances until due and payable. Debt issuance premiums and discounts are excluded from net position until amortized, but are included in fund balances upon issuance as other financing sources and uses.				
General obligation bonds payable	((155,015,000)		(104,270,000)
Certificates of participation payable		(11,715,000)		(12,380,000)
Unamortized premium/discount		10,196,053		11,542,930
Financed purchases payable		_		(37,883)
Lease liability		(413,372)		_
Severance benefits payable		(803,669)		(1,392,765)
Net pension liability		(33,373,069)		(54,850,003)
Net OPEB liability		(609,719)		_
The net OPEB asset reported in the Statement of Net Position does not require the				
use of current financial resources and is not reported in governmental funds.		-		1,103,156
Accrued interest payable on long-term debt is included in net position, but is				
excluded from fund balances until due and payable.		(1,083,032)		(719,781)
The recognition of certain revenues and expenses/expenditures differ between the full accrual governmental activities financial statements and the modified accrual governmental fund financial statements.				
Deferred outflows of resources – pension plan deferments		23,319,808		31,629,208
Deferred outflows of resources – OPEB plan deferments		1,545,795		1,148,170
Deferred inflows of resources – pension plan deferments		(60,094,659)		(50,800,812)
Deferred inflows of resources – OPEB plan deferments		(4,113,602)		(5,826,934)
Deferred inflows of resources – unavailable revenue – delinquent taxes		188,056		189,623
······································		,		
Total net position – governmental activities	\$	11,355,799	\$	(9,811,571)

Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2022 (With Partial Comparative Information for the Year Ended June 30, 2021)

	General Fund		Capital Projects – Building Construction Fund		Debt Service Fund	
Revenue						
Local sources						
Property taxes	\$	16,160,853	\$	_	\$	9,317,587
Investment earnings		91,528		2,007		353,775
Other		3,425,774		- -		, _
State sources		70,336,036		_		11,112
Federal sources		2,559,832		_		, _
Total revenue		92,574,023		2,007		9,682,474
Expenditures						
Current						
Administration		3,271,112		_		_
District support services		1,803,824		_		_
Elementary and secondary regular instruction		35,594,751		_		_
Vocational education instruction		1,077,797		_		_
Special education instruction		18,749,003		_		_
Instructional support services		4,449,124		_		_
Pupil support services		7,759,595		_		_
Sites and buildings		8,688,738		_		_
Fiscal and other fixed cost programs		315,490		_		_
Food service		_		_		-
Community service		_		_		_
Capital outlay		_		6,882,452		_
Debt service						
Principal		801,302		_		7,915,000
Interest and fiscal charges		377,134		_		1,967,548
Total expenditures		82,887,870		6,882,452		9,882,548
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures		9,686,153		(6,880,445)		(200,074)
Other financing sources (uses)						
Sale of capital assets		_		_		_
Transfers in		_		_		_
Transfers (out)		_		_		_
Debt issued		511,791		_		_
Refunding debt issued		_		_		58,660,000
Premium on debt issued		_	_	—		_
Total other financing sources (uses)		511,791		_		58,660,000
Net change in fund balances		10,197,944		(6,880,445)		58,459,926
Fund balances						
Beginning of year		32,898,853		7,256,306		2,295,658
End of year	\$	43,096,797	\$	375,861	\$	60,755,584

See notes to basic financial statements

	Total Governmental Funds							
Nonmajor Funds	2022	2021						
\$ 677,623	\$ 26,156,063	\$ 25,763,393						
6,276	453,586	12,189						
4,455,029	7,880,803	5,259,780						
583,286	70,930,434	70,936,017						
5,407,868	7,967,700	8,165,997						
11,130,082	113,388,586	110,137,376						
11,100,002	110,000,000	110,107,070						
_	3,271,112	3,349,613						
_	1,803,824	1,825,898						
_	35,594,751	36,065,970						
_	1,077,797	1,164,073						
	18,749,003	19,465,247						
_	4,449,124							
—	4,449,124	4,501,438						
_	, ,	6,637,397						
-	8,688,738	8,543,301						
-	315,490	298,296						
3,970,768	3,970,768	3,197,782						
4,742,874	4,742,874	4,274,571						
29,275	6,911,727	6,236,496						
_	8,716,302	8,091,166						
	2,344,682	1,675,546						
8,742,917	108,395,787	105,326,794						
2,387,165	4,992,799	4,810,582						
-	-	37,524						
-	-	440,000						
_	_	(440,000)						
_	511,791	8,300,000						
_	58,660,000	-						
_		233,820						
	59,171,791	8,571,344						
2,387,165	64,164,590	13,381,926						
2,214,827	44,665,644	31,283,718						
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·								
\$ 4,601,992	\$ 108,830,234	\$ 44,665,644						
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Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2022 (With Partial Comparative Information for the Year Ended June 30, 2021)

	2022	2021
Total net change in fund balances – governmental funds	\$ 64,164,590	\$ 13,381,926
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Capital outlays are recorded as net position and the cost is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. However, fund balances are reduced for the full cost of capital outlays at the time of purchase.		
Capital outlays Depreciation expense	8,870,905 (5,236,563)	8,136,395 (4,448,765)
A gain or loss on the disposal of capital assets, including the difference between the carrying value and any related sale proceeds, is included in the change in net position. However, only the sale proceeds are included in the change in fund balances.	_	(11,352)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. The change in net position of the internal service funds is included in the governmental activities		
in the Statement of Activities.	674,757	71,632
The amount of debt issued is reported in the governmental funds as a source of financing. Debt obligations are not revenues in the Statement of Activities, but rather constitute long-term liabilities.	(59,171,791)	(8,533,820)
Repayment of long-term debt does not affect the change in net position. However, it reduces fund		
balances. General obligation bonds payable	7,915,000	7,700,000
Certificates of participation payable	665,000	355,000
Financed purchases payable Lease liability	37,883 98,419	36,166
Interest on long-term debt is included in the change in net position as it accrues, regardless of when payment is due. However, it is included in the change in fund balances when due.	(363,251)	(67,568)
Debt issuance premiums and discounts are included in the change in net position as they are amortized		
over the life of the debt. However, they are included in the change in fund balances upon issuance as other financing sources and uses.	(1,346,877)	(1,352,207)
Certain expenses are included in the change in net position, but do not require the use of current funds, and are not included in the change in fund balances.		
Severance benefits payable	589,096	(173,142)
Net pension liability	21,476,934	(7,094,136)
Net OPEB liability/asset	(1,712,875)	1,013,263
The recognition of certain revenues and expenses/expenditures differ between the full accrual governmental activities financial statements and the modified accrual governmental fund financial statements.		
Deferred outflows of resources – pension plan deferments	(8,309,400)	(19,323,309)
Deferred outflows of resources - OPEB plan deferments	397,625	815,295
Deferred inflows of resources – pension plan deferments	(9,293,847)	24,000,990
Deferred inflows of resources – OPEB plan deferments	1,713,332	(1,343,847)
Deferred inflows of resources – unavailable revenue – delinquent taxes	(1,567)	(5,285)
Change in net position – governmental activities	\$ 21,167,370	\$ 13,157,236

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Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual General Fund Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Budgete	d Amounts		Over (Under)		
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget		
Revenue						
Local sources						
Property taxes	\$ 15,741,460	\$ 15,910,303	\$ 16,160,853	\$ 250,550		
Investment earnings	_	_	91,528	91,528		
Other	2,377,580	2,395,980	3,425,774	1,029,794		
State sources	66,854,041	69,134,166	70,336,036	1,201,870		
Federal sources	1,492,960	2,564,528	2,559,832	(4,696)		
Total revenue	86,466,041	90,004,977	92,574,023	2,569,046		
Expenditures						
Current						
Administration	3,542,441	3,043,548	3,271,112	227,564		
District support services	2,030,962	2,161,245	1,803,824	(357,421)		
Elementary and secondary regular	, ,	, ,	, ,			
instruction	37,147,311	38,054,762	35,594,751	(2,460,011)		
Vocational education instruction	1,019,869	960,973	1,077,797	116,824		
Special education instruction	20,231,712	19,420,942	18,749,003	(671,939)		
Instructional support services	3,777,221	4,276,245	4,449,124	172,879		
Pupil support services	7,365,062	7,914,607	7,759,595	(155,012)		
Sites and buildings	9,087,508	10,339,093	8,688,738	(1,650,355)		
Fiscal and other fixed cost programs	370,000	370,000	315,490	(54,510)		
Debt service	,	,	,			
Principal	702,166	702,166	801,302	99,136		
Interest and fiscal charges	368,175	368,175	377,134	8,959		
Total expenditures	85,642,427	87,611,756	82,887,870	(4,723,886)		
I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I			- ,			
Excess of revenue over expenditures	823,614	2,393,221	9,686,153	7,292,932		
Other financing sources						
Debt issued	_	_	511,791	511,791		
Net change in fund balances	\$ 823,614	\$ 2,393,221	10,197,944	\$ 7,804,723		
Fund balances						
Beginning of year			32,898,853			
End of year			\$ 43,096,797			
-						

Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds Internal Service Funds as of June 30, 2022 (With Partial Comparative Information as of June 30, 2021)

	2022			
Assets				
Current assets				
Cash and temporary investments	\$	5,464,113	\$	6,232,271
Receivables				
Accounts and interest		281,716		215,984
Total current assets		5,745,829		6,448,255
Liabilities				
Current liabilities				
Claims payable		756,000		652,164
Unearned revenue		_		1,481,019
Total current liabilities		756,000		2,133,183
Net position				
Unrestricted	\$	4,989,829	\$	4,315,072

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds Internal Service Funds Year Ended June 30, 2022 (With Partial Comparative Information for the Year Ended June 30, 2021)

	2022		
Operating revenue			
Charges for services	\$ 11,306,791	\$ 10,899,221	
Operating expenses			
Health claims and fees	10,180,106	10,336,074	
Dental claims and fees	462,643	499,109	
Total operating expenses	10,642,749	10,835,183	
Operating income	664,042	64,038	
Nonoperating revenue			
Investment earnings	10,715	7,594	
Change in net position	674,757	71,632	
Net position			
Beginning of year	4,315,072	4,243,440	
End of year	\$ 4,989,829	\$ 4,315,072	

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Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds Internal Service Funds Year Ended June 30, 2022 (With Partial Comparative Information for the Year Ended June 30, 2021)

	2022	2021
Cash flows from operating activities		
Received from assessments made to other funds	\$ 9,760,040	\$ 10,860,401
Health claims and fees payments	(10,062,106)	(10,430,074)
Dental claims and fees payments	(476,807)	(494,656)
Net cash flows from operating activities	(778,873)	(64,329)
Cash flows from investing activities		
Interest received on investments	10,715	7,594
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	(768,158)	(56,735)
Cash and temporary investments		
Beginning of year	6,232,271	6,289,006
End of year	\$ 5,464,113	\$ 6,232,271
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash flows		
from operating activities		
Operating income	\$ 664,042	\$ 64,038
Adjustment to reconcile operating income to net cash		
flows from operating activities		
Changes in assets and liabilities		
Accounts and interest receivable	(65,732)	(149,746)
Claims payable	103,836	(89,547)
Unearned revenue	(1,481,019)	110,926
Net cash flows from operating activities	\$ (778,873)	\$ (64,329)

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Post-Employment Benefits Trust Fund as of June 30, 2022

Assets	
Cash and investments held by trustee	
Investments at fair value	
U.S. treasury securities	\$ 2,032,837
Municipal bonds	99,903
U.S. agency securities	93,630
Corporate obligations	3,148,684
Equities	2,462,123
Real estate investment trusts	40,024
Mutual funds	2,371,104
Mutual funds – real assets	 848,766
Total assets	11,097,071
Liabilities	
Due to other funds	1,217,717
Net position Restricted for OPEB	\$ 9,879,354
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Post-Employment Benefits Trust Fund Year Ended June 30, 2022	

Additions	
Investment earnings (charges)	\$ (1,086,797)
Deductions	
Benefit payments	1,217,717
Administrative expenses	112,336
Total deductions	 1,330,053
Change in net position	 (2,416,850)
Net position	
Beginning of year	 12,296,204
End of year	\$ 9,879,354

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2022

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Organization

Independent School District No. 12 (the District) was formed and operates pursuant to applicable Minnesota laws and statutes. The District serves pre-kindergarten through 12th-grade students attending the District either as a resident of the District or through an open enrollment options election. It is governed by a School Board elected by the voters of the District to four-year terms. The District's financial statements have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

B. Reporting Entity

The accompanying financial statements include all funds, departments, agencies, boards, commissions, and other organizations that comprise the District, along with any component units.

Component units are legally separate entities for which the District (primary government) is financially accountable, or for which the exclusion of the component unit would render the financial statements of the primary government misleading. The criteria used to determine if the primary government is financially accountable for a component unit includes whether or not the primary government appoints the voting majority of the potential component unit's governing body, is able to impose its will on the potential component unit, is in a relationship of financial benefit or burden with the potential component unit, or is fiscally depended upon by the potential component unit. Based on these criteria, there are no organizations considered to be component units of the District.

C. Government-Wide Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements (Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities) display information about the reporting government as a whole. These statements include all the financial activities of the District, except for the fiduciary funds. Generally, the effect of material interfund activity has been removed from the government-wide financial statements. Transactions representing interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the consolidation process to the government-wide financial statements.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other internally directed revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are generally recognized as revenues in the fiscal year for which they are levied, except for amounts advanced recognized in accordance with a statutory "tax shift" described later in these notes. Grants and similar items are recognized when all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

For capital assets that can be specifically identified with or allocated to functional areas, depreciation and amortization expense is included as a direct expense in the functional areas that utilize the related capital assets. For capital assets that essentially serve all functional areas, depreciation and amortization expense is reported as "depreciation/amortization not included in other functions." Interest is considered an indirect expense and is reported separately on the Statement of Activities.

D. Fund Financial Statement Presentation

Separate fund financial statements are provided for governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. Aggregated information for the remaining nonmajor governmental funds is reported in a single column in the fund financial statements.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this basis of accounting, transactions are recorded in the following manner:

- 1. Revenue Recognition Revenue is recognized when it becomes measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District generally considers revenues, including property taxes, to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end. Grants and similar items are recognized when all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. State revenue is recognized in the year to which it applies according to funding formulas established by Minnesota Statutes. Proceeds of long-term debt and acquisitions under leases are reported as other financing sources.
- 2. Recording of Expenditures Expenditures are generally recorded when a liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on long-term debt and other long-term obligations, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as capital outlay expenditures in the governmental funds. In the General Fund, capital outlay expenditures are included within the applicable functional areas.

Internal service funds are presented in the proprietary fund financial statements. Because the principal users of the internal services are the District's governmental activities, the internal service funds are consolidated into the governmental activities column when presented in the government-wide financial statements. The cost of these services is reported in the appropriate functional activity.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenue of the District's internal service funds is charges to customers (other district funds) for service. Operating expenses for the internal service funds include the cost of providing the services. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenue and expenses.

Fiduciary funds are presented in the fiduciary fund financial statements by type. The District's only fiduciary fund is the Post-Employment Benefits Trust Fund. Since, by definition, fiduciary fund assets are being held for the benefit of a third party and cannot be used for activities or obligations of the District, these funds are excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting as described earlier in these notes.

Description of Funds

The existence of the various district funds has been established by the Minnesota Department of Education (MDE). Each fund is accounted for as an independent entity. Descriptions of the funds included in this report are as follows:

Major Governmental Funds

General Fund – The General Fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Capital Projects – Building Construction Fund – The Capital Projects – Building Construction Fund is used to account for financial resources used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities.

Debt Service Fund – The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and payment of general obligation debt principal, interest, and related costs. The regular debt service account is used for all general obligation debt service except for the financial activities of the other post-employment benefits (OPEB) debt service account. The OPEB debt service account is used for the taxable OPEB bond issues.

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Food Service Special Revenue Fund – The Food Service Special Revenue Fund is used primarily to record financial activities of the District's child nutrition program.

Community Service Special Revenue Fund – The Community Service Special Revenue Fund is used to account for services provided to residents in the areas of recreation, civic activities, nonpublic pupils, adult or early childhood programs, or other similar services.

Proprietary Funds

Internal Service Funds – Internal service funds account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department to other departments or agencies of the District, or to other governments, on a cost-reimbursement basis. The District's internal service funds are used to account for dental and health insurance benefits offered by the District to its employees as a self-insured plan.

Fiduciary Fund

Post-Employment Benefits Trust Fund – The Post-Employment Benefits Trust Fund is used to administer resources received and held by the District as the trustee for others. The Post-Employment Benefits Trust Fund includes assets held in an irrevocable trust to fund post-employment insurance benefits of eligible employees.

E. Budgeting

The School Board adopts an annual budget for all governmental funds prepared on the same basis of accounting as the fund financial statements. Legal budgetary control is at the fund level. Budgeted expenditure appropriations lapse at year-end. Actual expenditures exceeded final budgeted appropriations for fiscal 2022 by \$121,917 in the Food Service Special Revenue Fund, by \$486,621 in the Community Service Special Revenue Fund, and by \$128,307 in the Capital Projects Fund. These variances were funded by revenues in excess of budget and available fund balance.

F. Cash and Temporary Investments

Cash and temporary investments include balances from all funds that are combined and invested to the extent available in various securities as authorized by state law. Earnings from the pooled investments are allocated to the respective funds on the basis of applicable cash balance participation by each fund. Debt proceeds recorded in the Capital Projects – Building Construction Fund are not pooled, and earnings on these proceeds are allocated directly to the fund.

Cash and investments held by trustee include balances held in segregated accounts that are established for specific purposes. In the Capital Projects – Building Construction Fund, an escrow account is established for cash and investments held for future construction related to the issuance of certificates of participation. In the Debt Service Fund, an escrow account is established for future debt service related to the issuance of refunding bonds. In the Post-Employment Benefits Trust Fund, this represents assets contributed to an irrevocable trust established to finance the District's liability for post-employment insurance benefits. Interest earned on these investments is allocated directly to the escrow accounts.

For purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, the District considers all highly liquid debt instruments with an original maturity from the time of purchase by the District of three months or less to be cash equivalent. The Proprietary Fund's equity in the government-wide cash and investment management pool is considered to be cash equivalent.

Investments are generally stated at fair value, except for investments in certain external investment pools, which are stated at amortized cost. Short-term, highly liquid debt instruments (including commercial paper, bankers' acceptance, and U.S. treasury and agency obligations) purchased with a remaining maturity of one year or less are also reported at amortized cost. Guaranteed investment contract investments are valued on a cost-basis measure; and, therefore, are not subject to the fair value disclosure. Investment income is accrued at the Balance Sheet date.

The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

Debt securities classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using a matrix pricing technique. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices.

See Note 2 for the District's recurring fair value measurements as of year-end.

G. Receivables

When necessary, the District utilizes an allowance for uncollectible accounts to value its receivables. However, the District considers all of its current receivables to be collectible. The only receivables not expected to be fully collected within one year are property taxes receivable.

H. Inventories

Inventories are recorded using the consumption method of accounting and consist of purchased food and surplus commodities received from the federal government. Purchased food inventory is recorded at cost on a first-in, first-out basis. Surplus commodities are stated at standardized costs, as determined by the U.S. Department of Agriculture.

I. Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items. Prepaid items are recorded as expenses/expenditures at the time of consumption.

J. Property Taxes

The majority of the District's revenue in the General Fund is determined annually by statutory funding formulas. The total revenue allowed by these formulas is allocated between property taxes and state aids by the Legislature based on education funding priorities.

Generally, property taxes are recognized as revenue by the District in the fiscal year that begins midway through the calendar year in which the tax levy is collectible. To help balance the state budget, the Minnesota Legislature utilizes a tool referred to as the "tax shift," which periodically changes the District's recognition of property tax revenue. The tax shift advance recognizes cash collected for the subsequent year's levy as current year revenue, allowing the state to reduce the amount of aid paid to the District. Currently, the mandated tax shift recognizes \$724,015 of the property tax levy collectible in 2022 as revenue to the District in fiscal year 2021–2022. The remaining portion of the taxes collectible in 2022 is recorded as a deferred inflow of resources (property taxes levied for subsequent year).

Property tax levies are certified to the County Auditor in December of each year for collection from taxpayers in May and October of the following calendar year. In Minnesota, counties act as collection agents for all property taxes. The county spreads all levies over taxable property. Such taxes become a lien on property on the following January 1. The county generally remits taxes to the District at periodic intervals as they are collected.

Taxes that remain unpaid are classified as delinquent taxes receivable. Revenue from these delinquent property taxes that is not collected within 60 days of year-end is reported as a deferred inflow of resources (unavailable revenue) in the fund financial statements because it is not known to be available to finance the operations of the District in the current year.

K. Capital Assets

Capital assets that are purchased or constructed by the District are recorded at historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated acquisition value at the date of donation. Leased capital assets are recorded based on the measurement of payments applicable to the lease term. The District defines capital assets as those with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or more, which benefit more than one fiscal year. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets are recorded in the government-wide financial statements, but are not reported in the governmental fund financial statements. Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives. Since surplus assets are generally sold for an immaterial amount or scrapped when declared as no longer fit or needed for public school purposes by the District, no salvage value is taken into consideration for depreciation purposes. Useful lives vary from 20 to 50 years for land improvements and buildings, 5 to 20 years for furniture and equipment. Leased assets are amortized over the term of the lease or over the useful life of the applicable asset class previously described, if future ownership is anticipated. Land and construction in progress are not depreciated.

The District does not possess material amounts of infrastructure capital assets, such as sidewalks or parking lots. Such items are considered to be part of the cost of buildings or other improvable property.

L. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities. If material, bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums or discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources or uses, respectively.

M. Compensated Absences

Under the terms of collectively bargained contracts, eligible employees accrue vacation and sick leave at varying rates, portions of which may be carried over to future years. Employees are reimbursed for unused, accrued vacation to the limit specified in their labor contract or School Board policy upon termination. Unused sick leave enters into the calculation of severance benefits for some employees upon termination. Compensated absences are accrued when earned in the government-wide financial statements. Compensated absences are accrued in the governmental fund financial statements only to the extent they have been used or otherwise matured prior to year-end, due to employee termination or similar circumstances. Since teachers are not eligible for vacation pay and amounts accrued to other employees are insignificant, no long-term portion of vacation liabilities is recorded in the financial statements.

N. Severance Payable

The District provides lump sum severance benefits to eligible employees in accordance with provisions of certain collectively bargained contracts. Eligibility for these benefits is based on years of service and/or minimum age requirements. Severance benefits are calculated by converting a portion of an eligible employee's unused accumulated sick leave. Severance benefits for any individual cannot exceed one year's salary.

Members of certain employee groups may also elect to receive district matching contributions paid into a tax-deferred matching contribution plan established under Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 403(b). The amount of any severance benefits due to an individual is reduced by the total matching contributions made by the District to such a plan over the course of that individual's employment.

The amount of severance that is based on convertible sick leave is recorded as a liability in the government-wide financial statements as it is earned and it becomes probable that it will vest at some point in the future. Severance or retirement pay is accrued in the governmental fund financial statements only when it matures, due to employee termination or separation of service.

O. State-Wide Pension Plans

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) and the Teachers Retirement Association (TRA) and additions to/deductions from the PERA's and the TRA's fiduciary net positions have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the PERA and the TRA. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized as of employer payroll paid dates and benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

The TRA has a special funding situation created by direct aid contributions made by the state of Minnesota, City of Minneapolis, and Minneapolis School District. The direct aid is a result of the merger of the Minneapolis Teachers Retirement Fund Association into TRA in 2006. A second direct aid source is from the state of Minnesota for the merger of the Duluth Teachers Retirement Fund Association in 2015.

P. Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) Plan

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability (asset), deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the District's OPEB plan and additions to/deductions from the District's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the District. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value, except for money market investments and certain investments that have a maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less, which are reported at amortized cost.

Q. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets and liabilities, statements of financial position or balance sheets will sometimes report separate sections for deferred outflows or inflows of resources. These separate financial statement elements represent a consumption or acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) or an inflow of financial resources (revenue) until then.

The District reports deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB plans reported in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. These deferred outflows and inflows result from differences between expected and actual economic experience, changes in actuarial assumptions, net collective difference between projected and actual investment earnings, changes in proportion, and contributions to the plan subsequent to the measurement date and before the end of the reporting period. These amounts are deferred and amortized as required under pension and OPEB standards.

Property taxes levied for subsequent years, which represent property taxes received or reported as a receivable before the period for which the taxes are levied, are reported as a deferred inflow of resources in both the government-wide Statement of Net Position and the governmental funds Balance Sheet. Property taxes levied for subsequent years are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the government-wide financial statements in the year for which they are levied and in the governmental fund financial statements during the year for which they are levied, if available.

Unavailable revenue from property taxes arises under a modified accrual basis of accounting and is reported only in the governmental funds Balance Sheet. Delinquent property taxes not collected within 60 days of year-end are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the governmental funds in the period the amounts become available.

R. Net Position

In the government-wide and internal service fund financial statements, net position represents the difference between assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources. Net position is displayed in three components:

- Net Investment in Capital Assets Consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by any outstanding debt attributable to acquire capital assets.
- **Restricted Net Position** Consists of net position restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments.
- Unrestricted Net Position All other net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

The District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for which both restricted and unrestricted resources are available.

S. Fund Balance Classifications

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund balance in classifications that disclose constraints for which amounts in those funds can be spent. These classifications are as follows:

- Nonspendable Consists of amounts that are not in spendable form, such as prepaid items, inventory, and other long-term assets.
- **Restricted** Consists of amounts related to externally imposed constraints established by creditors, grantors, or contributors; or constraints imposed by state statutory provisions.
- **Committed** Consists of internally imposed constraints that are established by resolution of the School Board. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the School Board removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action it employed to previously commit those amounts.
- Assigned Consists of internally imposed constraints. These constraints consist of amounts intended to be used by the District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by the governing body itself or by an official to which the governing body delegates the authority. Pursuant to School Board resolution, the District's Superintendent of schools and Executive Director of Business Services are authorized to establish assignments of fund balance.
- **Unassigned** The residual classification for the General Fund, which also reflects negative residual amounts in other funds.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to first use restricted resources, then use unrestricted resources as they are needed.

When committed, assigned, or unassigned resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use resources in the following order: 1) committed, 2) assigned, and 3) unassigned.

T. Risk Management and Self-Insurance

- 1. General Insurance The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts: theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; natural disasters; and workers' compensation for which the District carries commercial insurance. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. There were no significant reductions in the District's coverage in current year.
- 2. Self-Insurance The District has established two internal service funds to account for and finance its self-insured risk of loss for respective employee dental and health insurance plans. Under these plans, the internal service funds provide coverage to participating employees and their dependents for various dental and healthcare costs as described in the plans.

The District makes premium payments that include both employer and employee contributions to the internal service funds on behalf of program participants based on rates determined by insurance company estimates of monthly claims paid for each coverage class, plus the stop-loss health insurance premium costs and administrative service charges.

District claim liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities include an amount for claims that have been incurred, but not reported. Because actual claim liabilities depend on complex factors such as inflation, changes in legal doctrines, and damage awards, the process used in computing a claim liability does not necessarily result in an exact amount. Claim liabilities are evaluated periodically to take into consideration recently settled claims, the frequency of claims, and other economic and social factors.

	Be	alance – eginning of Year	(Charges and Changes in Estimates		Claim Payments	 Balance – End of Year			
2021	\$	13,711	\$	499,109	\$	(494,656)	\$ 18,164			
2022	\$	18,164	\$	462,643	\$	(476,807)	\$ 4,000			

Changes in the balance of dental claim liabilities for the last two years were as follows:

Changes in the balance of health claim liabilities for the last two years were as follows:

	Е	Balance –	C	Charges and			
	В	eginning		Changes	Claim		Balance –
		of Year	i	n Estimates	 Payments]	End of Year
		-					
2021	\$	728,000	\$	10,336,074	\$ (10,430,074)	\$	634,000
2022	\$	634,000	\$	10,180,106	\$ (10,062,106)	\$	752,000

U. Restricted Assets

Restricted assets are cash and cash equivalents and the related interest receivable whose use is limited by legal requirements such as a bond indenture. Restricted assets are reported only in the government-wide financial statements. In the fund financial statements these assets have been reported as "cash and investments held by trustee" and within "accounts and interest receivable".

V. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts and disclosures in the financial statements during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

W. Prior Period Comparative Financial Information/Reclassification

The basic financial statements include certain prior year partial comparative information in total, but not at the level of detail required for a presentation in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Accordingly, such information should be read in conjunction with the District's financial statements for the prior year, from which the summarized information was derived. Also, certain amounts presented in the prior year data have been reclassified in order to be consistent with the current year's presentation.

X. Change in Accounting Principle

During the year ended June 30, 2022, the District implemented GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*. This statement included major changes in recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right-to-use an underlying asset. Under this statement, a lesse is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources. Certain amounts necessary to fully restate fiscal year 2021 financial information are not determinable; therefore, prior year comparative amounts have not been restated. The implementation of this new GASB statement in the current year resulted in the District reporting a new category of capital assets and long-term liability, but did not require a restatement of net position in the current year. See Note 3 and Note 4 for additional details on this change in the current year.

NOTE 2 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

A. Components of Cash and Investments

Cash and investments at year-end consist of the following:

Petty cash Investments	\$ 7,750 131,580,547
Total	\$ 131,588,297
Cash and investments are presented in the financial statements as follows:	
Statement of Net Position	
Cash and temporary investments	\$ 61,530,847
Restricted assets – temporarily restricted	
Cash and investments for future construction	913,680
Cash and investments for debt service	58,046,699
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	
Cash and investments held by trustee –	
Post-Employment Benefits Trust Fund	 11,097,071
Total	\$ 131,588,297

B. Deposits

In accordance with applicable Minnesota Statutes, the District maintains deposits at depository banks authorized by the School Board, including checking accounts, savings accounts, and nonnegotiable certificates of deposit.

The following is considered the most significant risk associated with deposits:

Custodial Credit Risk – In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may be lost.

Minnesota Statutes require that all deposits be protected by federal deposit insurance, corporate surety bond, or collateral. The market value of collateral pledged must equal 110 percent of the deposits not covered by federal deposit insurance or corporate surety bonds. Authorized collateral includes treasury bills, notes, and bonds; issues of U.S. government agencies; general obligations rated "A" or better; revenue obligations rated "AA" or better; irrevocable standard letters of credit issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank; and certificates of deposit. Minnesota Statutes require that securities pledged as collateral be held in safekeeping in a restricted account at the Federal Reserve Bank or in an account at a trust department of a commercial bank or other financial institution that is not owned or controlled by the financial institution furnishing the collateral. The District's deposit policies do not further limit depository choices.

At year-end, due to the Districts utilization of sweep accounts, the carrying amount and bank balance of the District's deposits was \$0. At year-end, all deposits were fully covered by federal deposit insurance, surety bonds, or collateral held by the District's agent in the District's name.

NOTE 2 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

C. Investments

The District had the following investments at year-end:

	Credit Risk Fair Valu			Interest Rate Risk – Maturity Duration in Years							
Investment Type	Rating	Agency	Measurements	Less Than 1		1 to 5		6 to 10			Total
U.S. treasury securities	N/A	N/A	Level 1	\$	100,676	\$	1,752,472	\$	179,689	\$	2,032,837
Municipal bonds	AA	S&P	Level 1	\$	-	\$	99,903	\$	-		99,903
U.S. agency securities	AA	S&P	Level 1	\$	-	\$	93,630	\$	_		93,630
Corporate obligations	AA	S&P	Level 1	\$	_	\$	247,836	\$	137,394		385,230
Corporate obligations	А	S&P	Level 1	\$	-	\$	1,289,734	\$	_		1,289,734
Corporate obligations	А	Moody's	Level 1	\$	_	\$	152,391	\$	139,914		292,305
Corporate obligations	BBB	S&P	Level 1	\$	_	\$	638,762	\$	94,474		733,236
Corporate obligations	Baa	Moody's	Level 1	\$	_	\$	230,659	\$	217,520		448,179
Equities	N/R	N/A	Level 1								2,462,123
Guaranteed investment contract	AA	S&P	N/A	\$	_	\$	58,046,699	\$	-		58,046,699
Investment pools/mutual funds											
Minnesota School District Liquid Asset											
Fund – Term Series	AAA	Fitch	Amortized Cost	\$	14,000,000	\$	_	\$	_		14,000,000
Minnesota School District Liquid Asset Fund	AAA	S&P	Amortized Cost								47,475,988
MNTrust Investment Shares Portfolio	AAA	S&P	Amortized Cost								47,109
Real estate investment trusts	N/R	N/A	Level 1								40,024
Mutual funds	AAA	S&P	Level 1								913,680
Mutual funds	N/R	N/A	Level 1								2,371,104
Mutual funds - real assets	N/R	N/A	Level 2								848,766
Total investments										\$1	31,580,547

N/A – Not Applicable

N/R - Not Rated

The Minnesota School District Liquid Asset Fund (MSDLAF) and the MNTrust Investment Shares Portfolio are regulated by Minnesota Statutes and are external investment pools, which are not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission. The District's investments in the MSDLAF and the MNTrust Investment Shares Portfolio are measured at the net asset value per share provided by the pool, which is based on an amortized cost method that approximates fair value. For the MSDLAF, there are no unfunded commitments, redemption frequency is daily, and there is no redemption notice for the Liquid Class; the redemption notice period is 14 days for the MAX Class. MSDLAF term investments have a maturity of 60 days to one year and early withdrawal may result in substantial early redemption penalties. For the MNTrust investment pool, there are no unfunded commitments, redemption notice required except for the MNTrust Term Series, which requires a redemption notice of 7 days.

Investments are subject to various risks, the following of which are considered the most significant:

Custodial Credit Risk – For investments, this is the risk that in the event of a failure of the counterparty to an investment transaction (typically a broker-dealer) the District would not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Investments in investment pools and money markets are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form and, therefore, are not subject to custodial credit risk disclosures. Although the District's investment policies do not directly address custodial credit risk, it typically limits its exposure by purchasing insured or registered investments, or by the control of who holds the securities.

Concentration Risk – This is the risk associated with investing a significant portion of the District's investments (considered 5.0 percent or more) in the securities of a single issuer, excluding U.S. guaranteed investments (such as treasuries), investment pools, and mutual funds. The District's investment policies do not address concentration risk. At June 30, 2022, the District's investments include a guaranteed investment contract with Mass Mutual at 44.1 percent of the total portfolio that was issued as part of a refunding bond transaction.

NOTE 2 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Credit Risk – This is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. Minnesota Statutes limit the District's investments to direct obligations or obligations guaranteed by the United States or its agencies; shares of investment companies registered under the Federal Investment Company Act of 1940 that receive the highest credit rating, are rated in one of the two highest rating categories by a statistical rating agency, and all of the investments have a final maturity of 13 months or less; general obligations rated "A" or better; revenue obligations rated "AA" or better; general obligations of the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency rated "A" or better; bankers' acceptances of United States banks eligible for purchase by the Federal Reserve System; commercial paper issued by United States corporations or their Canadian subsidiaries, rated of the highest quality category by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies, and maturing in 270 days or less; Guaranteed Investment Contracts guaranteed by a United States commercial bank, domestic branch of a foreign bank, or a United States insurance company, and with a credit quality in one of the top two highest categories; repurchase or reverse purchase agreements and securities lending agreements with financial institutions qualified as a "depository" by the government entity, with banks that are members of the Federal Reserve System with capitalization exceeding \$10,000,000; that are a primary reporting dealer in U.S. government securities to the Federal Reserve Bank of New York; or certain Minnesota securities broker-dealers. For assets held in the Post-Employment Benefits Trust Fund, the investment options available to the District are expanded to include the investment types specified in Minnesota Statutes § 356A.06, Subd. 7. The District's investment policies do not further restrict investing in specific financial instruments.

Interest Rate Risk – This is the risk of potential variability in the fair value of fixed rate investments resulting from changes in interest rates (the longer the period for which an interest rate is fixed, the greater the risk). The District's investment policies do not limit the maturities of investments; however, when purchasing investments, the District considers such things as interest rates and cash flow needs.

NOTE 3 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the current year ended is as follows:

	Balance – Beginning of Year	Additions	Deletions	Completed Construction	Balance – End of Year
~					
Capital assets, not depreciated/amortized		*	*	*	*
Land	\$ 4,214,035	\$ _	\$ –	\$ –	\$ 4,214,035
Construction in progress	1,639,011	7,498,535			9,137,546
Total capital assets, not depreciated/amortized	5,853,046	7,498,535	-	-	13,351,581
Capital assets, depreciated/amortized					
Land improvements	8,183,335	425,974	_	-	8,609,309
Buildings	188,704,311	276,605	_	-	188,980,916
Furniture and equipment	12,479,408	158,000	_	-	12,637,408
Furniture and equipment – leased	-	511,791	_	-	511,791
Total capital assets, depreciated/amortized	209,367,054	1,372,370		-	210,739,424
Less accumulated depreciation/amortization for					
Land improvements	(3,893,002)	(297,844)	-	-	(4,190,846)
Buildings	(78,611,844)	(4,406,632)	_	-	(83,018,476)
Furniture and equipment	(6,842,450)	(429,729)	-	-	(7, 272, 179)
Furniture and equipment – leased	-	(102,358)	_	-	(102,358)
Total accumulated depreciation/amortization	(89,347,296)	(5,236,563)			(94,583,859)
Net capital assets, depreciated/amortization	120,019,758	(3,864,193)			116,155,565
Total capital assets, net	\$ 125,872,804	\$ 3,634,342	\$	\$ -	\$ 129,507,146

NOTE 3 – CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Depreciation/amortization expense for the year was charged to the following governmental functions:

Administration	\$ 11,944
District support services	67,870
Elementary and secondary regular instruction	159,702
Instructional support services	9,334
Pupil support services	9,104
Community service	1,811
Depreciation/amortization not included in other functions	4,976,798
Total depreciation/amortization expense	\$ 5,236,563

NOTE 4 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

A. General Obligation Bonds Payable

The District currently has the following general obligation bonds payable outstanding:

Issue	Issue Date	Interest Rate	E	ace/Par Value	Final Maturity		Principal Outstanding	
Issue	Issue Date	Kale	<u> </u>	ace/Par value	Maturity		Outstanding	
2014A Capital Facilities Bonds	12/15/2014	2.000-4.000%	\$	2,880,000	02/01/2025	\$	1,125,000	
2014B Tax Abatement Bonds	12/15/2014	3.000-3.250%	\$	3,745,000	12/15/2028		2,670,000	
2015A School Building Bonds	02/26/2015	1.050-4.010%	\$	73,385,000	02/01/2035		61,875,000	
2016B Taxable OPEB Refunding Bonds	05/26/2016	1.500-3.050%	\$	11,250,000	02/01/2030		10,235,000	
2017A Refunding Bonds	03/14/2017	2.000-3.000%	\$	17,245,000	02/01/2023		710,000	
2019A School Building Bonds	02/07/2019	3.375-5.000%	\$	20,955,000	02/01/2039		19,740,000	
2022A Taxable Refunding Bonds	02/09/2022	1.005-2.923%	\$	58,660,000	02/01/2039		58,660,000	
						¢	155 015 000	
Total general obligation bonds payable						\$	155,015,000	

These bonds were issued to finance acquisition, construction, and/or improvements of capital facilities, to finance the retirement (refunding) of prior bond issues, or to finance OPEB obligations. Assets of the Debt Service Fund, together with scheduled future ad valorem tax levies, are dedicated for the retirement of these bonds. The annual future debt service levies authorized equal 105 percent of the principal and interest due each year. These levies are subject to reduction if fund balance amounts exceed limitations imposed by Minnesota law.

With the exception of the 2015A School Building Bonds, all general obligation bonds are serial bonds, which require semi-annual payments of principal and/or interest from the date the bonds were issued. The Series 2015A School Building Bonds are capital appreciation bonds, which are issued at a discount and accrete to their face value at maturity. Interest expense is recognized through the annual amortization of the discount. All debt service payments are reported as principal payments on the governmental fund financial statements.

In February 2022, the District issued \$58,660,000 of General Obligation Table Refunding Bonds, Series 2022A. The proceeds of the refunding bonds will be used to the call the remaining bond proceeds of the 2014B Tax Abatement Bonds, the 2015A School Building Bonds, and the 2019A School Building Bonds on their respective call dates. This refunding will reduce the District's total future debt service payments by \$3,265,704 and will result in a present value savings of \$2,662,121.

NOTE 4 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

Issue	Issue Date	Interest Rate	Fa	ce/Par Value	Final Maturity	Principal Dutstanding
2016A Certificates of Participation	02/16/2016	2.000-3.000%	\$	4,520,000	02/01/2031	\$ 2,900,000
2016C Certificates of Participation	05/26/2016	2.000-3.500%	\$	1,200,000	02/01/2031	815,000
2020A Certificates of Participation	10/22/2020	2.000-3.000%	\$	8,300,000	02/01/2040	8,000,000
Total certificates of participation						\$ 11,715,000

B. Certificates of Participation Payable

These certificates of participation were issued to finance improvements at the District's school buildings. The certificates of participation are paid by the General Fund. The debt is secured by the original property purchased and includes terms that upon default all payments may become due and payable. The debtor also may repossess the property and seek full recovery of any losses upon default.

C. Financed Purchases Payable

The District had entered into an agreement to finance real property, which called for monthly principal and interest payments through June 2022. Annual principal and interest on these agreements were paid from the General Fund. Final payments were made in the current year as scheduled.

D. Lease Liability

The District has obtained the use of certain copier equipment through a lease financing agreement. The total amount of underlying lease assets by major class and the related accumulated amortization is presented in Note 3 to the basic financial statements. Annual principal and interest on this agreement will be paid from the General Fund. The agreement is secured by the original property. The lessor also may repossess the property and seek full recovery of the losses upon default. The District currently has the following lease liability obligation outstanding:

	Interest				Final	Principal		
Issue	Issue Date	Rate	Fac	e/Par Value	Maturity	<u> </u>	itstanding	
AIS copier lease	07/01/2021	2.350%	\$	511,791	06/01/2026	\$	413,372	

E. Other Long-Term Liabilities

The District offers a number of benefits to its employees, including pensions, OPEB, and severance benefits. The details of these various benefit liabilities are discussed elsewhere in these notes. Such benefits are financed primarily from the General Fund. The District has also established a Post-Employment Benefits Trust Fund to finance OPEB obligations.

NOTE 4 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

District employees participate in two state-wide, cost-sharing, multiple-employer plans administered by the PERA and the TRA. The following is a summary of the net pension liabilities, deferred outflows and inflows of resources, and pension expense reported for these plans for the current year:

Pension Plans	Pension Liabilities		 erred Outflows f Resources	 ferred Inflows f Resources	Pension Expense		
State-wide, multiple-employer – PERA State-wide, multiple-employer – TRA	\$ 7,439,121 25,933,948		\$ 5,663,593 17,656,215	\$ 7,423,396 52,671,263	\$	(173,135) 194,886	
Total	\$	33,373,069	\$ 23,319,808	\$ 60,094,659	\$	21,751	

F. Minimum Debt Payments

Minimum annual principal and interest payments to maturity for general obligation bonds payable, certificates of participation payable, and lease liability are as follows:

Year Ending		General C Bonds l	\mathcal{O}			Certificates of Participation Payable				Lease I	ty	
June 30,	_	Principal		Interest	Principal		Principal Interes		t Principal		Interest	
2023	\$	10,405,000	\$	2,368,133	\$	730,000	\$	285,681	\$	99,733	\$	8,644
2024		8,220,000		2,243,323		750,000		266,031		102,102		6,275
2025		71,250,000		2,136,291		770,000		245,856		104,527		3,850
2026		7,490,000		1,410,592		790,000		225,131		107,010		1,367
2027		7,285,000		1,281,337		815,000		202,331		-		_
2028-2032		32,935,000		4,215,011		3,930,000		667,181		-		_
2033-2037		15,965,000		1,076,793		2,385,000		302,581		-		—
2038-2040		1,465,000		64,598		1,545,000		64,169				
	\$	155,015,000	\$	14,796,078	\$	11,715,000	\$	2,258,961	\$	413,372	\$	20,136

G. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

	Balance – Beginning of Year		Additions		Retirements		Balance – End of Year		Due Within One Year	
General obligation bonds payable	\$	104,270,000	\$	58,660,000	\$	7,915,000	\$	155,015,000	\$	10,405,000
Certificates of participation payable		12,380,000		-		665,000		11,715,000		730,000
Unamortized premium/discount		(11,542,930)		-		(1,346,877)		(10,196,053)		_
Financed purchases payable		37,883		-		37,883		_		_
Lease liability		_		511,791		98,419		413,372		99,733
Severance benefits payable		1,392,765		_		589,096		803,669		589,100
Net pension liability		54,850,003		7,117,084		28,594,018		33,373,069		_
Net OPEB liability*				609,719		-		609,719		_
	\$	161,387,721	\$	66,898,594	\$	36,552,539	\$	191,733,776	\$	11,823,833

* See Note 7 for more information on the change from a Net OPEB asset to a Net OPEB liability in the current year.

NOTE 5 – FUND BALANCES

The following is a breakdown of equity components of governmental funds, which are defined earlier in the report. When applicable, certain restrictions, which have an accumulated deficit balance at June 30 are included in unassigned fund balance in the District's financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. A description of these deficit balance restrictions is included below, when applicable, since the District has specific authority to future resources for such deficits. At year-end, a summary of the District's governmental fund balance classifications are as follows:

	General Fund	Capital Projects – Building Construction Fund	Debt Service Fund	Nonmajor Funds	Total
Nonspendable					
Inventory	\$ –	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 81,837	\$ 81,837
Prepaid items	195,045				195,045
Total nonspendable	195,045	_		81,837	276,882
Restricted for					
Student activities	160,022	-	_	_	160,022
Operating capital	3,245,404	-	_	_	3,245,404
Safe schools levy	269,309	-	_	_	269,309
Long-term facilities maintenance	6,246,146	-	_	_	6,246,146
Medical Assistance	592,891	-	_	_	592,891
Projects funded by					
certificates of participation	-	375,861	_	_	375,861
Bond refundings	-	-	58,390,584	_	58,390,584
Debt service	-	-	2,365,000	_	2,365,000
Food service	-	-	-	2,301,167	2,301,167
Community education programs	-	-	_	1,417,187	1,417,187
Early childhood family education					
programs	_	_	_	547,798	547,798
School readiness	_	_	_	214,991	214,991
Community service	_	_	_	39,012	39,012
Total restricted	10,513,772	375,861	60,755,584	4,520,155	76,165,372
Assigned for					
Learner activities	302,853	_	_	-	302,853
Alternative compensation	717,042	_	_	_	717,042
District projects	3,127,890	_	_	_	3,127,890
Budget carryover	766,254	_	_	_	766,254
Class size reduction	1,608,271	_	_	_	1,608,271
Technology	3,971,512	_	_	_	3,971,512
Special education	500,000	_	_	_	500,000
Severance benefits payable	803,669	_	_	_	803,669
Special education	,				,
maintenance of effort	1,171,863	_	_	_	1,171,863
Concessions	18,632	_	_	_	18,632
Sponsorships and advertising	70,670	_	_	_	70,670
Net OPEB liability	609,719	_	_	_	609,719
Total assigned	13,668,375				13,668,375
Unassigned					
Disabled accessibility restricted					
account deficit	(112,505)				(112,505)
Unassigned	(112,595) 18,832,200	_	—	—	(112,595) 18,832,200
Total unassigned	18,719,605				18,719,605
Total	\$ 43,096,797	\$ 375,861	\$ 60,755,584	\$ 4,601,992	\$ 108,830,234
			, ,	. ,,,,,,,	

NOTE 5 – FUND BALANCES (CONTINUED)

Minimum Fund Balance Policy – The School Board has formally adopted a fund balance policy regarding maintaining a minimum fund balance for the General Fund. The policy states that the District will strive to maintain a minimum unrestricted fund balance (consisting of assigned and unassigned fund balances) of 8.33 percent of the annual budget. At year-end the District continues to meet the goal of this policy.

NOTE 6 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS – STATE-WIDE

A. Plan Descriptions

The District participates in the following cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans administered by the PERA and the TRA. The PERA's and the TRA's defined benefit pension plans are established and administered in accordance with Minnesota Statutes. The PERA's and the TRA's defined benefit pension plans are tax qualified plans under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code (IRC).

1. General Employees Retirement Fund (GERF)

The PERA's defined benefit pension plans are established and administered in accordance with Minnesota Statutes, Chapters 353 and 356.

Certain full-time and part-time employees of the District other than teachers are covered by the GERF. GERF members belong to the Coordinated Plan. Coordinated Plan members are covered by Social Security.

2. Teachers Retirement Association (TRA)

The TRA administers a Basic Plan (without Social Security coverage) and a Coordinated Plan (with Social Security coverage) in accordance with Minnesota Statutes, Chapters 354 and 356. The TRA is a separate statutory entity, administered by a Board of Trustees. The Board of Trustees consists of four active members, one retired member, and three statutory officials.

Educators employed in Minnesota's public elementary and secondary schools, charter schools, and certain other TRA-covered educational institutions maintained by the state are required to be TRA members (except those employed by St. Paul Public Schools or Minnesota State Colleges and Universities (MnSCU)). Educators first hired by MnSCU may elect either TRA coverage or coverage through the Defined Contribution Plan administered by Minnesota State.

B. Benefits Provided

The PERA and the TRA provide retirement, disability, and death benefits. Benefit provisions are established by state statutes and can only be modified by the State Legislature.

The benefit provisions stated in the following paragraphs of this section are current provisions and apply to active plan participants. Vested, terminated employees who are entitled to benefits, but are not receiving them yet, are bound by the provisions in effect at the time they last terminated their public service.

1. GERF Benefits

Benefits are based on a member's highest average salary for any five successive years of allowable service, age, and years of credit at termination of service. Two methods are used to compute benefits for the PERA's Coordinated Plan members. Members hired prior to July 1, 1989, receive the higher of Method 1 or Method 2 formulas. Only Method 2 is used for members hired after June 30, 1989. Under Method 1, the accrual rate for Coordinated Plan members is 1.2 percent for each of the first 10 years of service and 1.7 percent for each additional year. Under Method 2, the accrual rate for Coordinated Plan members is 1.7 percent for all years of service. For members hired prior to July 1, 1989, a full annuity is available when age plus years of service equal 90 and normal retirement age is 65. For members hired on or after July 1, 1989, normal retirement age is the age for unreduced Social Security benefits capped at age 66.

Benefit increases are provided to benefit recipients each January. The post-retirement increase is equal to 50.0 percent of the cost of living adjustment announced by the Social Security Administration, with a minimum increase of at least 1.0 percent and a maximum of 1.5 percent. Recipients that have been receiving the annuity or benefit for at least a full year as of the June 30 before the effective date of the increase, will receive the full increase. For recipients receiving the annuity or benefit for at least one month, but less than a full year as of the June 30 before the effective date of the increase, will receive a reduced prorated increase. For members retiring on January 1, 2024 or later, the increase will be delayed until normal retirement age (age 65 if hired prior to July 1, 1989, or age 66 for individuals hired on or after July 1, 1989). Members retiring under Rule of 90 are exempt from the delay to normal retirement.

2. TRA Benefits

The TRA provides retirement benefits as well as disability benefits to members, and benefits to survivors upon death of eligible members. Benefits are established by Minnesota Statutes and vest after three years of service credit. The defined retirement benefits are based on a member's highest average salary for any five consecutive years of allowable service, age, and a formula multiplier based on years of credit at termination of service.

Two methods are used to compute benefits for the TRA's Coordinated and Basic Plan members. Members first employed before July 1, 1989, receive the greater of the Tier I or Tier II benefits as described.

Tier I Benefits

	Percentage
Step-Rate Formula	per Year
Basic Plan	
First 10 years of service	2.2 %
All years after	2.7 %
Coordinated Plan	
First 10 years if service years are up to July 1, 2006	1.2 %
First 10 years if service years are July 1, 2006 or after	1.4 %
All other years of service if service years are up to July 1, 2006	1.7 %
All other years of service if service years are July 1, 2006 or after	1.9 %

With these provisions:

- (a) Normal retirement age is 65 with less than 30 years of allowable service and age 62 with 30 or more years of allowable service.
- (b) Three percent per year early retirement reduction factor for all years under normal retirement age.
- (c) Unreduced benefits for early retirement under a Rule of 90 (age plus allowable service equals 90 or more).

Tier II Benefits

For years of service prior to July 1, 2006, a level formula of 1.7 percent per year for Coordinated Plan members and 2.7 percent per year for Basic Plan members applies. For years of service July 1, 2006 and after, a level formula of 1.9 percent per year for Coordinated Plan members and 2.7 percent per year for Basic Plan members applies. Beginning July 1, 2015, the early retirement reduction factors are based on rates established under Minnesota Statutes. Smaller reductions, more favorable to the member, will be applied to individuals who reach age 62 and have 30 years or more of service credit.

Members first employed after June 30, 1989, receive only the Tier II benefit calculation with a normal retirement age that is their retirement age for full Social Security retirement benefits, but not to exceed age 66.

Six different types of annuities are available to members upon retirement. The No Refund Life Plan is a lifetime annuity that ceases upon the death of the retiree—no survivor annuity is payable. A retiring member may also choose to provide survivor benefits to a designated beneficiary(ies) by selecting one of the five plans that have survivorship features. Vested members may also leave their contributions in the TRA Fund upon termination of service in order to qualify for a deferred annuity at retirement age. Any member terminating service is eligible for a refund of their employee contributions plus interest.

The benefit provisions stated apply to active plan participants. Vested, terminated employees who are entitled to benefits, but not yet receiving them, are bound by the plan provisions in effect at the time they last terminated their public service.

C. Contributions

Minnesota Statutes set the rates for employer and employee contributions. Contribution rates can only be modified by the State Legislature.

1. GERF Contributions

Minnesota Statutes, Chapter 353 sets the rates for employer and employee contributions. Coordinated Plan members were required to contribute 6.5 percent of their annual covered salary in fiscal year 2022 and the District was required to contribute 7.5 percent for Coordinated Plan members. The District's contributions to the GERF for the year ended June 30, 2022, were \$993,029. The District's contributions were equal to the required contributions as set by state statutes.

2. TRA Contributions

Minnesota Statutes, Chapter 354 sets the rates for employer and employee contributions. Rates for each fiscal year were:

	Year Ended June 30,										
	20	20	20	21	2022						
	Employee	Employer	Employer Employee		Employee	Employer					
Basic Plan	11.00 %	11.92 %	11.00 %	12.13 %	11.00 %	12.34 %					
Coordinated Plan	7.50 %	7.92 %	7.50 %	8.13 %	7.50 %	8.34 %					

The District's contributions to the TRA for the plan's fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, were \$2,909,077. The District's contributions were equal to the required contributions for each year as set by state statutes.

The following is a reconciliation of employer contributions in the TRA's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position to the employer contributions used in the Schedule of Employer and Nonemployer Pension Allocations:

	in thousands				
Employer contributions reported in the TRA's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position	\$	448,829			
Add employer contributions not related to future contribution efforts		379			
Deduct the TRA's contributions not included in allocation		(538)			
Total employer contributions		448,670			
Total nonemployer contributions		37,840			
Total contributions reported in the Schedule of Employer and Nonemployer Allocations	\$	486,510			

Amounts reported in the allocation schedules may not precisely agree with financial statement amounts or actuarial valuations, due to the number of decimal places used in the allocations. The TRA has rounded percentage amounts to the nearest ten thousandths.

D. Pension Costs

1. GERF Pension Costs

At June 30, 2022, the District reported a liability of \$7,439,121 for its proportionate share of the General Employees Fund's net pension liability. The District's net pension liability reflected a reduction due to the state of Minnesota's contribution of \$16 million. The state of Minnesota is considered a nonemployer contributing entity and the state's contribution meets the definition of a special funding situation. The state of Minnesota's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District totaled \$227,150. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the District's contributions received by the PERA during the measurement period for employer payroll paid dates from July 1, 2020 through June 30, 2021, relative to the total employer contributions received from all of the PERA's participating employers. The District's proportionate share was 0.1742 percent at the end of the measurement period and 0.1867 percent for the beginning of the period.

District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 7,439,121
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability	
associated with the District	\$ 227,150

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized negative pension expense of \$191,462 for its proportionate share of the GERF's pension expense. In addition, the District recognized an additional \$18,327 as pension expense (and grant revenue) for its proportionate share of the state of Minnesota's pension expense for the annual \$16 million contribution.

At June 30, 2022, the District reported its proportionate share of the GERF's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	DeferredDeferredOutflowsInflowsof Resourcesof Resources		Inflows	
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$	48,222	\$	229,548
Changes in actuarial assumptions		4,542,175		175,492
Net collective difference between projected and				
actual investment earnings		_		6,402,193
Changes in proportion		80,167		616,163
District's contributions to the GERF subsequent to the				
measurement date		993,029		
Total	\$	5,663,593	\$	7,423,396

The \$993,029 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30,		Pension Expense Amount		
2023 2024 2025 2026	\$ \$ \$	(523,410) (244,996) (227,198) (1,757,228)		

2. TRA Pension Costs

At June 30, 2022, the District reported a liability of \$25,933,948 for its proportionate share of the TRA's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's contributions to the TRA in relation to total system contributions, including direct aid from the state of Minnesota, City of Minneapolis, and Minneapolis School District. The District's proportionate share was 0.5926 percent at the end of the measurement period and 0.5909 percent for the beginning of the period.

The pension liability amount reflected a reduction due to direct aid provided to the TRA. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the direct aid, and total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 25,933,948
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability	
associated with the District	\$ 2,187,309

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized pension expense of \$219,377. It also recognized \$24,491 as a decrease to pension expense for the support provided by direct aid.

At June 30, 2022, the District had deferred resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		0	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$	700,391	\$	720,944	
Changes in actuarial assumptions		9,503,740		23,707,920	
Net collective difference between projected and actual					
investment earnings on pension plan investments		_		21,774,446	
Changes in proportion		4,543,007		6,467,953	
District's contributions to the TRA subsequent to the					
measurement date		2,909,077			
Total	\$	17,656,215	\$	52,671,263	

A total of \$2,909,077 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from district contributions to the TRA subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2023. Other deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Pension		
Year Ending	Expense		
June 30,	 Amount		
2023	\$ (21,166,836)		
2024	\$ (11,396,385)		
2025	\$ (3,310,529)		
2026	\$ (3,901,900)		
2027	\$ 1,851,525		

E. Long-Term Expected Return on Investment

The State Board of Investment, which manages the investments of the PERA and the TRA, prepares an analysis of the reasonableness on a regular basis of the long-term expected rate of return using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce an expected long-term rate of return by weighing the expected future rates of return by the target asset allocation percentages.

The target allocation and best-estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Target A	Long-Term Expected		
Asset Class	GERF	TRA	Real Rate of Return	
Domestic equity	33.50 %	35.50 %	5.10 %	
International equity	16.50	17.50	5.30 %	
Private markets	25.00	25.00	5.90 %	
Fixed income	25.00	20.00	0.75 %	
Unallocated cash		2.00	- %	
Total	100.00 %	100.00 %		

F. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using an individual entry-age normal actuarial cost method and the following actuarial assumptions:

Assumptions	GERF	TRA
Inflation	2.25%	2.50%
Wage growth rate		2.85% before July 1, 2028, and 3.25% thereafter
Projected salary increase	3.00%	
Active member payroll growth		2.85% to 8.85% before July 1, 2028, and 3.25% to 9.25% thereafter
Investment rate of return	6.50%	7.00%

1. GERF

The long-term rate of return on pension plan investments used in the determination of the total liability is 6.50 percent. This assumption is based on a review of inflation and investments return assumptions from a number of national investment consulting firms. The review provided a range of return investment return rates deemed to be reasonable by the actuary. An investment return of 6.50 percent was deemed to be within that range of reasonableness for financial reporting purposes.

Inflation is assumed to be 2.25 percent for the GERF Plan. Benefit increases after retirement are assumed to be 1.25 percent for the GERF Plan.

Salary growth assumptions in the GERF Plan range in annual increments from 10.25 percent after one year of service to 3.00 percent after 29 years of service, and 6.00 percent per year thereafter.

Mortality rates for the GERF Plan are based on the Pub-2010 General Employee Mortality Table. The table is adjusted slightly to fit the PERA's experience.

Actuarial assumptions for the GERF Plan are reviewed every four years. The most recent four-year experience study for the GERF Plan was completed in 2019. The assumption changes were adopted by the Board and became effective with the July 1, 2020 actuarial valuation.

2. TRA

Salary increases were based on a service-related table. Mortality rates for active members, retirees, survivors, and disabilitants for all plans were based on RP-2014 tables for the TRA for males and females, as appropriate, with slight adjustments to fit the TRA's experience. Cost of living benefit increases after retirement for retirees are assumed to be 1.00 percent for January 2020 through January 2023, then increasing by 0.10 percent each year, up to 1.50 percent annually.

Actuarial assumptions for the TRA Plan were based on the results of actuarial experience studies. The most recent experience study in the TRA Plan was completed in 2015, with economic assumptions updated in 2017.

The following changes in actuarial assumptions occurred in 2021:

1. GERF

CHANGES IN ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

- The investment return and single discount rates were changed from 7.50 percent to 6.50 percent, for financial reporting purposes.
- The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale MP-2019 to Scale MP-2020.

2. TRA

CHANGES IN ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

• The investment return assumption was changed from 7.50 percent to 7.00 percent.

G. Discount Rate

1. GERF

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability in 2021 was 6.50 percent. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability at the prior measurement date was 7.50 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and employers will be made at rates set in Minnesota Statutes. Based on these assumptions, the fiduciary net position of the GERF was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

2. TRA

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00 percent. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability at the prior measurement date was 7.50 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the fiscal year 2021 contribution rate, contributions from school districts will be made at contractually required rates (actuarially determined), and contributions from the state will be made at current statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was not projected to be depleted and, as a result, the Municipal Bond Index Rate was not used in the determination of the Single Equivalent Interest Rate.

NOTE 6 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS – STATE-WIDE (CONTINUED)

H. Pension Liability Sensitivity

The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability for all plans it participates in, calculated using the discount rate disclosed in the preceding paragraph, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

	1,0	1% Decrease in Discount Rate		Current iscount Rate	170	Increase in scount Rate
GERF discount rate		5.50%		6.50%		7.50%
District's proportionate share of the GERF net pension liability	\$	15,172,008	\$	7,439,121	\$	1,093,814
TRA discount rate		6.00%		7.00%		8.00%
District's proportionate share of the TRA net pension liability	\$	52,387,837	\$	25,933,948	\$	4,239,650

I. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately-issued PERA financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the internet at www.mnpera.org.

Detailed information about the plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately-issued TRA financial report. That report can be obtained at www.MinnesotaTRA.org, by writing to the TRA at 60 Empire Drive, Suite 400, St. Paul, MN, 55103-4000; or by calling 651-296-2409 or 800-657-3669.

NOTE 7 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) PLAN

A. Plan Description

The District provides post-employment benefits to certain eligible employees through the OPEB Plan, a single-employer defined benefit plan administered by the District. Management of the plan is vested with the School Board of the District. All post-employment benefits are based on contractual agreements with employee groups. Eligibility for these benefits is based on years of service and/or minimum age requirements. These contractual agreements do not include any specific contribution or funding requirements.

The District administers a defined benefit Post-Employment Benefits Trust Fund. The assets of the plan are reported in the District's financial report in the Post-Employment Benefits Trust Fund, established by the District to finance these obligations. The plan assets may be used only for the payment of benefits of the plan, in accordance with the terms of the plan. The plan does not issue a publicly available financial report.

B. Benefits Provided

All retirees of the District upon retirement have the option under state law to continue their medical insurance coverage through the District. For members of certain employee groups, the District pays for all or part of the eligible retiree's premiums for medical and/or dental insurance from the time of retirement until the employee reaches the age of eligibility for Medicare. Benefits paid by the District differ by bargaining unit and date of hire, with some contracts specifying a certain dollar amount per month, and some covering premium costs as defined within each collective bargaining agreement. Retirees not eligible for these district-paid premium benefits must pay the full district premium rate for their coverage.

The District is legally required to include any retirees for whom it provides health insurance coverage in the same insurance pool as its active employees until the retiree reaches Medicare eligibility, whether the premiums are paid by the District or the retiree. Consequently, participating retirees are considered to receive a secondary benefit known as an "implicit rate subsidy." This benefit relates to the assumption that the retiree is receiving a more favorable premium rate than they would otherwise be able to obtain if purchasing insurance on their own, due to being included in the same pool with the District's younger and statistically healthier active employees.

C. Contributions

The required contribution is based on projected pay-as-you-go financing requirements, with additional amounts to prefund benefits as determined periodically by the District. The District has established the Post-Employment Benefits Trust Fund to finance these obligations.

D. Membership

Membership in the plan consisted of the following as of the latest actuarial valuation:

Retirees and beneficiaries receiving benefits	26
Active plan members	806
Total members	832

E. Net OPEB Liability (Asset) of the District

The District's net OPEB liability (asset) was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability (asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2020. The components of the net OPEB liability (asset) of the District at year-end were as follows:

Total OPEB liability Plan fiduciary net position	\$ 10,489,073 (9,879,354)
District's net OPEB liability	\$ 609,719
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	 94.19%

F. Actuarial Method and Assumptions

The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2020, using the entry-age method, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Discount rate	4.40%
Expected long-term investment return	5.60% (net of investment expenses)
20-year municipal bond yield	3.80%
Inflation rate	2.50%
Salary increases	Service graded table
Medical trend rate	6.25% grading to 5.00% over 5 years,
	and then 4.00% over the next 48 years

Mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Headcount-Weighted Mortality Tables (General, Teachers) with MP-2019 Generational Improvement Scale.

The actuarial assumptions used in the latest valuation were based on those used to value pension liabilities for Minnesota school district employees. The state pension plans base their assumptions on periodic experience studies.

The District's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the School Board by a majority vote of its members. It is the policy of the School Board to pursue an investment strategy that reduces risk through the prudent diversification of the portfolio across a broad selection of distinct asset classes allowable under state statutes.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB Plan investments was set based on the plan's target investment allocation described below, along with long-term return expectations by asset class. When there is sufficient historical evidence of market outperformance, historical average returns may be considered.

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Rate of Return
Domestic equity Fixed income International equity Real estate	36.00 % 46.00 % 12.00 % 6.00 %	7.30 % 3.60 % 6.80 % 7.70 %
Total portfolio	100.00 %	5.60 %

G. Rate of Return

For the current year ended, the annual money-weighted rate of return on investments, net of investment expense, was negative 8.80 percent. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

H. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 4.40 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate was determined by projecting forward the fiduciary net position (assets) as of the valuation date, increasing by the investment return assumption, and reducing by benefit payments in each period until assets are exhausted. Expected benefit payments by year were discounted using the expected asset return assumptions for the years in which the assets were sufficient to pay all benefit payments. Any remaining benefit payments after the trust fund is exhausted are discounted at the 20-year municipal bond rate. The equivalent single rate is the discount rate. The contribution and benefit payment history, as well as the funding policy have also been considered. The District discount rate used in the prior measurement date was 3.40 percent.

I. Changes in the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)

	Total OPEB Liability (a)		an Fiduciary let Position (b)	Net OPEB Liability (Asset) (a-b)		
Beginning balance	\$	11,193,048	\$ 12,296,204	\$	(1,103,156)	
Changes for the year						
Service cost		511,882	_		511,882	
Interest		377,439	_		377,439	
Assumption changes		(375,579)	_		(375,579)	
Projected investment earnings		_	688,587		(688,587)	
Differences between expected						
and actual experience		_	(1,775,384)		1,775,384	
Benefit payments		(1,217,717)	(1,217,717)		_	
Administrative expenses		_	(112,336)		112,336	
Total net changes		(703,975)	 (2,416,850)		1,712,875	
Ending balance	\$	10,489,073	\$ 9,879,354	\$	609,719	

Assumption changes since the prior measurement date include the following:

- The expected long-term investment return was changed from 5.10 percent to 5.60 percent.
- The discount rate was changed from 3.40 percent to 4.40 percent.

J. Net OPEB Liability (Asset) Sensitivity to Discount and Healthcare Cost Trend Rate Changes

The following presents the net OPEB liability (asset) of the District, as well as what the District's net OPEB liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease in Discount Rate	Discount Rat	1% Increase inRateDiscount Rate		
OPEB discount rate	3.40%	4.40)%	5.40%	
Net OPEB liability	\$ 1,069,386	\$ 609,71	9 \$	152,468	

The following presents the net OPEB liability (asset) of the District, as well as what the District's net OPEB liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	He	1% Decrease in ealthcare Trend Rate	He	althcare Trend Rate	1% Increase in Healthcare Trend Rate		
OPEB medical trend rate		5.25% grading to 4.00%, then 3.00%		6.25% grading to 5.00%, then 4.00%		7.25% grading to 6.00%, then 5.00%	
Net OPEB liability (asset)	\$	(358,783)	\$	609,719	\$	1,706,050	

K. OPEB Expense and Related Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

For the current year ended, the District recognized negative OPEB expense of \$398,082. As of year-end, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

		Deferred Dutflows		Deferred Inflows	
	of Resources			of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual economic experience Changes in actuarial assumptions Difference between projected and actual investment earnings	\$	754,698 202,109 588,988	\$	1,332,771 2,780,831 	
Total	\$	1,545,795	\$	4,113,602	

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

		OPEB					
Year Ending]	Expense					
June 30,		Amount					
2023	\$	(695,571)					
2024	\$	(692,937)					
2025	\$	(712,802)					
2026	\$	(387,573)					
2027	\$	(25,275)					
Thereafter	\$	(53,649)					

NOTE 8 – FLEXIBLE BENEFIT PLAN

The District has a flexible benefit plan, which is classified as a cafeteria plan under § 125 of the IRC (the Plan). All employee groups of the District are eligible if and when the collective bargaining agreement or contract with their group allows eligibility. Eligible employees can elect to participate by contributing pretax dollars withheld from payroll checks to the Plan for healthcare and dependent care benefits. Payments are made from the Plan to participating employees upon submitting a request for reimbursement of eligible expenses actually incurred by the participant.

Before the beginning of the Plan year, which is from January 1 to December 31, each participant designates a total amount of pretax dollars to be contributed to the Plan during the year. At June 30, the District is contingently liable for claims against the total amount of participants' annual contributions to the Plan, whether or not such contributions have been made.

The Plan is administered by an independent contract administrator for child care and medical expense reimbursements. The flexible benefit plan is included in the financial statements within the District's General Fund.

All property of the Plan and income attributable to that property is solely the property of the District, subject to the claims of the District's general creditors. Participants' rights under the Plan are equal to those of general creditors of the District in an amount equal to eligible healthcare and dependent care expenses incurred by the participants. The District believes that it is unlikely that it will use the assets to satisfy the claims of general creditors in the future.

NOTE 9 – INTERFUND BALANCES AND TRANSACTIONS

Interfund Receivables and Payables

At year-end, the General Fund reported a balance of \$1,217,717 due from the Post-Employment Benefits Trust Fund, representing the amount due from the trust for allowable OPEB expenditures. The General Fund also reported a balance of \$212,306 due from the Capital Projects – Building Construction Fund that was used to eliminate a temporary cash deficit until funds are transferred from escrow for eligible project costs. Interfund balances are reported in the fund financial statements but are eliminated to the extent possible in the government-wide financial statements.

NOTE 10 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

A. Construction Contracts

At June 30, 2022, the District had commitments totaling \$589,555 under various construction contacts for which work was not yet completed.

B. Federal and State Programs

Amounts received or receivable from federal and state agencies are subject to agency audit and adjustment. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of funds which may be disallowed by the agencies cannot be determined at this time although the District expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

C. Legal Claims

The District had the usual and customary types of miscellaneous legal claims pending at year-end, mostly of a minor nature and usually covered by insurance carried for that purpose. Although the outcomes of these lawsuits are not presently determinable, the District believes that the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on its financial position.

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Public Employees Retirement Association Pension Benefits Plan Schedule of District's and Nonemployer Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability Year Ended June 30, 2022

District Fiscal Year-End Date	PERA Fiscal Year-End Date (Measurement Date)	District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	District's Proportionate Share of the State of District's Minnesota's Proportionate Share of the Share of the		Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and the District's Share of the State of Minnesota's Share of the Net Pension Liability	District's Covered Payroll	District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability
Teat-Eliu Date	Date)	Liability	Liability		Liability	Liability	Faylon	Faylon	Liability
06/30/2015 06/30/2016 06/30/2017 06/30/2018 06/30/2019 06/30/2020 06/30/2021 06/30/2022	06/30/2014 06/30/2015 06/30/2016 06/30/2017 06/30/2018 06/30/2019 06/30/2020 06/30/2021	0.2024% 0.2006% 0.2015% 0.1864% 0.1877% 0.1838% 0.1867% 0.1742%	\$ 9,507,738 \$10,396,133 \$16,360,801 \$11,899,654 \$10,412,828 \$10,161,891 \$11,193,519 \$7,439,121	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	213,645 149,640 341,635 315,820 345,066 227,150	\$ 9,507,738 \$10,396,133 \$16,574,446 \$12,049,294 \$10,754,463 \$10,477,711 \$11,538,585 \$7,666,271	\$10,611,491 \$11,767,242 \$12,565,587 \$12,010,668 \$12,618,394 \$13,001,278 \$13,312,198 \$12,545,719	89.60% 88.35% 130.20% 99.08% 82.52% 78.16% 84.08% 59.30%	78.70% 78.20% 68.90% 75.90% 79.50% 80.20% 79.10% 87.00%

Public Employees Retirement Association Pension Benefits Plan Schedule of District Contributions Year Ended June 30, 2022

				ntributions Relation to				Contributions as a
	S	tatutorily		Statutorily	Cont	ribution		Percentage
District Fiscal	F	Required	F	Required	Deficiency		Covered	of Covered
Year-End Date	Co	ntributions	Co	ntributions	(Ex	(cess)	Payroll	Payroll
06/30/2015	\$	869,488	\$	869,488	\$	-	\$11,767,242	7.39%
06/30/2016	\$	947,432	\$	947,432	\$	_	\$12,565,587	7.54%
06/30/2017	\$	900,642	\$	900,642	\$	_	\$12,010,668	7.50%
06/30/2018	\$	946,410	\$	946,410	\$	_	\$12,618,394	7.50%
06/30/2019	\$	975,225	\$	975,225	\$	_	\$13,001,278	7.50%
06/30/2020	\$	998,417	\$	998,417	\$	_	\$13,312,198	7.50%
06/30/2021	\$	940,506	\$	940,506	\$	_	\$12,545,719	7.50%
06/30/2022	\$	993,029	\$	993,029	\$	_	\$13,245,095	7.50%

Note: The District implemented GASB Statement No. 68 in fiscal 2015 (using a June 30, 2014 measurement date). This schedule is intended to present 10-year trend information. Additional years will be added as they become available.

Teachers Retirement Association Pension Benefits Plan Schedule of District's and Nonemployer Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability Year Ended June 30, 2022

District Fiscal	TRA Fiscal Year-End Date (Measurement	District's Proportion of the Net Pension	District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension	District's Proportionate Share of the State of Minnesota's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension	Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and the District's Share of the State of Minnesota's Share of the Net Pension	District's Covered	District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension
Year-End Date	Date)	Liability	Liability	Liability	Liability	Payroll	Payroll	Liability
06/30/2015 06/30/2016 06/30/2017 06/30/2018 06/30/2019 06/30/2020 06/30/2021 06/30/2022	06/30/2014 06/30/2015 06/30/2016 06/30/2017 06/30/2018 06/30/2019 06/30/2020 06/30/2021	0.6402% 0.6139% 0.6907% 0.5438% 0.6098% 0.5898% 0.5909% 0.5926%	 \$ 29,499,955 \$ 37,975,786 \$164,748,429 \$108,552,344 \$ 38,301,148 \$ 37,593,976 \$ 43,656,484 \$ 25,933,948 	 \$ 2,075,170 \$ 4,658,088 \$ 16,535,829 \$ 10,493,980 \$ 3,598,550 \$ 3,326,977 \$ 3,658,430 \$ 2,187,309 	 \$ 31,575,125 \$ 42,633,874 \$181,284,258 \$119,046,324 \$ 41,899,698 \$ 40,920,953 \$ 47,314,914 \$ 28,121,257 	 \$ 29,224,786 \$ 31,472,905 \$ 35,929,587 \$ 29,274,943 \$ 33,693,440 \$ 33,487,311 \$ 34,337,666 \$ 35,456,241 	100.94% 120.66% 458.53% 370.80% 113.68% 112.26% 127.14% 73.14%	81.50% 76.80% 44.88% 51.57% 78.07% 78.21% 75.48% 86.63%

Teachers Retirement Association Pension Benefits Plan Schedule of District Contributions Year Ended June 30, 2022

District Fiscal Year-End Date	Statutorily Required Contributions		Contributions in Relation to the Statutorily Required Contributions		Contribution Deficiency (Excess)		Covered Payroll		Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
06/30/2015 06/30/2016 06/30/2017 06/30/2018 06/30/2019 06/30/2020	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$	2,360,458 2,694,719 2,196,141 2,526,625 2,581,926 2,719,482	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$	2,360,458 2,694,719 2,196,141 2,526,625 2,581,926 2,719,482	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$		\$ \$ \$ \$	31,472,905 35,929,587 29,274,943 33,693,440 33,487,311 34,337,666	7.50% 7.50% 7.50% 7.50% 7.71% 7.92%
06/30/2020 06/30/2021 06/30/2022	\$ \$	2,719,482 2,882,684 2,909,077	\$ \$	2,882,684 2,909,077	\$ \$	-		35,456,241 34,879,548	8.13% 8.34%

Note: The District implemented GASB Statement No. 68 in fiscal 2015 (using a June 30, 2014 measurement date). This schedule is intended to present 10-year trend information. Additional years will be added as they become available.

Other Post-Employment Benefits Plan Schedule of Changes in the District's Net OPEB Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios Year Ended June 30, 2022

	District Fiscal Year-End Date					
	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Total OPEB liability	\$ 621.966	¢ 607.600	¢ 475.500	¢ 547.206	¢ 575.027	¢ 511.992
Service cost Interest	\$ 621,966 621,006	\$ 607,690 643,634	\$ 475,502 690,406	\$ 547,306 437,598	\$ 575,927 391,922	\$ 511,882 377,439
Assumption changes	021,000	(285,979)	(3,073,593)	437,398 323,378	(1,140,825)	(375,579)
Differences between expected and	_	(283,979)	(3,073,393)	525,578	(1,140,823)	(373,379)
actual experience	_	_	(2,665,547)	_	1,056,578	_
Benefit payments	(705,560)	(647,485)	(1,038,162)	(497,027)	(619,456)	(1,217,717)
Net change in total OPEB liability	537,412	317,860	(5,611,394)	811,255	264,146	(703,975)
Net change in total Of ED hability	557,412	517,000	(3,011,374)	011,255	204,140	(103,713)
Total OPEB liability – beginning of year	14,873,769	15,411,181	15,729,041	10,117,647	10,928,902	11,193,048
Total OPEB liability – end of year	15,411,181	15,729,041	10,117,647	10,928,902	11,193,048	10,489,073
Plan fiduciary net position						
Contributions	297,212	217,523	-	-	-	-
Projected investment earnings	713,401	740,415	651,228	579,546	561,959	688,587
Differences between expected and						
actual experience	_	_	13,194	(99,386)	1,447,390	(1,775,384)
Benefit payments	(705,560)	(647,485)	(1,038,162)	(497,027)	(619,456)	(1,217,717)
Administrative expenses	(88,519)	(103,777)	(110,163)	(109,482)	(112,484)	(112,336)
Net change in plan fiduciary			(100.000)	(1.0.4.0.40)		
net position	216,534	206,676	(483,903)	(126,349)	1,277,409	(2,416,850)
Plan fiduciary net position – beginning	11,205,837	11,422,371	11,629,047	11,145,144	11,018,795	12,296,204
Plan fiduciary net position – ending	11,422,371	11,629,047	11,145,144	11,018,795	12,296,204	9,879,354
			, -,	, <u>,</u>	, , -	- , ,
Net OPEB liability (asset)	\$ 3,988,810	\$ 4,099,994	\$ (1,027,497)	\$ (89,893)	\$ (1,103,156)	\$ 609,719
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage	74 100	72.020	110 1 60/	100.800/	100.960/	04 100/
of the total OPEB liability	74.12%	73.93%	110.16%	100.82%	109.86%	94.19%
Covered-employee payroll	\$41,070,427	\$42,302,540	\$41,070,343	\$42,302,453	\$45,404,716	\$46,766,858
r 5 · r 5 ·	. ,,				, . ,	,,
Net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage						
of covered-employee payroll	9.71%	9.69%	(2.50%)	(0.21%)	(2.43%)	1.30%
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Note: The District implemented GASB Statement Nos. 74 and 75 in fiscal 2017. This schedule is intended to present 10-year trend information. Additional years will be added as they become available.

Other Post-Employment Benefits Plan Schedule of Investment Returns Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Annual
	Money-Weighted
	Rate of Return,
District Fiscal	Net of
Year-End Date	Investment Expense
2017	6.40 %
2018	6.50 %
2019	5.70 %
2020	4.30 %
2021	18.20 %
2022	(8.80) %

Note: The District implemented GASB Statement Nos. 74 and 75 in fiscal 2017. This schedule is intended to present 10-year trend information. Additional years will be added as they become available.

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Notes to Required Supplementary Information June 30, 2022

PERA – GENERAL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT FUND

2021 CHANGES IN ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

- The investment return and single discount rates were changed from 7.50 percent to 6.50 percent, for financial reporting purposes.
- The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale MP-2019 to Scale MP-2020.

2020 CHANGES IN PLAN PROVISIONS

• Augmentation for current privatized members was reduced to 2.00 percent for the period July 1, 2020 through December 31, 2023, and zero percent thereafter. Augmentation was eliminated for privatizations occurring after June 30, 2020.

- The price inflation assumption was decreased from 2.50 percent to 2.25 percent.
- The payroll growth assumption was decreased from 3.25 percent to 3.00 percent.
- Assumed salary increase rates were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019 experience study. The net effect is assumed rates that average 0.25 percent less than previous rates.
- Assumed rates of retirement were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019 experience study. The changes result in more unreduced (normal) retirements and slightly fewer Rule of 90 and early retirements.
- Assumed rates of termination were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019 experience study. The new rates are based on service and are generally lower than the previous rates for years two through five, and slightly higher thereafter.
- Assumed rates of disability were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019 experience study. The change results in fewer predicted disability retirements for males and females.
- The base mortality table for healthy annuitants and employees was changed from the RP-2014 Table to the Pub-2010 General Mortality Table, with adjustments. The base mortality table for disabled annuitants was changed from the RP-2014 Disabled Annuitant Mortality Table to the Pub-2010 General/Teacher Disabled Annuitant Mortality Table, with adjustments.
- The mortality improvement scale was changed from MP-2018 to MP-2019.
- The assumed spouse age difference was changed from two years older for females to one year older.
- The assumed number of married male new retirees electing the 100.00 percent joint and survivor option changed from 35.00 percent to 45.00 percent. The assumed number of married female new retirees electing the 100.00 percent joint and survivor option changed from 15.00 percent to 30.00 percent. The corresponding number of married new retirees electing the life annuity option was adjusted accordingly.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information (continued) June 30, 2022

PERA – GENERAL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT FUND (CONTINUED)

2019 CHANGES IN PLAN PROVISIONS

• The employer supplemental contribution was changed prospectively, decreasing from \$31.0 million to \$21.0 million per year. The state's special funding contribution was changed prospectively, requiring \$16.0 million due per year through 2031.

2019 CHANGES IN ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

• The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2017 to MP-2018.

2018 CHANGES IN PLAN PROVISIONS

- The augmentation adjustment in early retirement factors is eliminated over a five-year period starting July 1, 2019, resulting in actuarial equivalence after June 30, 2024.
- Interest credited on member contributions decreased from 4.00 percent to 3.00 percent, beginning July 1, 2018.
- Deferred augmentation was changed to zero percent, effective January 1, 2019. Augmentation that has already accrued for deferred members will still apply.
- Contribution stabilizer provisions were repealed.
- Post-retirement benefit increases were changed from 1.00 percent per year, with a provision to increase to 2.50 percent upon attainment of 90.00 percent funding ratio, to 50.00 percent of the Social Security Cost of Living Adjustment, not less than 1.00 percent and not more than 1.50 percent, beginning January 1, 2019.
- For retirements on or after January 1, 2024, the first benefit increase is delayed until the retiree reaches normal retirement age. Does not apply to Rule of 90 retirees, disability benefit recipients, or survivors.
- Actuarial equivalent factors were updated to reflect revised mortality and interest assumptions.

- The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2015 to MP-2017.
- The assumed benefit increase was changed from 1.00 percent per year through 2044, and 2.50 percent per year thereafter, to 1.25 percent per year.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information (continued) June 30, 2022

PERA – GENERAL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT FUND (CONTINUED)

2017 CHANGES IN PLAN PROVISIONS

- The state's contribution for the Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund equals \$16.0 million in 2017 and 2018, and \$6.0 million thereafter.
- The Employer Supplemental Contribution for the Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund changed from \$21.0 million to \$31.0 million in calendar years 2019 to 2031. The state's contribution changed from \$16.0 million to \$6.0 million in calendar years 2019 to 2031.

2017 CHANGES IN ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

- The Combined Service Annuity (CSA) loads were changed from 0.80 percent for active members and 60.00 percent for vested and nonvested deferred members. The revised CSA loads are now zero percent for active member liability, 15.00 percent for vested deferred member liability, and 3.00 percent for nonvested deferred member liability.
- The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.00 percent per year for all years, to 1.00 percent per year through 2044, and 2.50 percent per year thereafter.

2016 CHANGES IN ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

- The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.00 percent per year through 2035, and 2.50 percent per year thereafter, to 1.00 percent per year for all years.
- The assumed investment return was changed from 7.90 percent to 7.50 percent. The single discount rate was changed from 7.90 percent to 7.50 percent.
- Other assumptions were changed pursuant to the experience study dated June 30, 2015. The assumed future salary increases, payroll growth, and inflation were decreased by 0.25 percent to 3.25 percent for payroll growth, and 2.50 percent for inflation.

2015 CHANGES IN PLAN PROVISIONS

• On January 1, 2015, the Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund was merged into the General Employees Retirement Fund, which increased the total pension liability by \$1.1 billion and increased the fiduciary plan net position by \$892.0 million. Upon consolidation, state and employer contributions were revised; the state's contribution of \$6.0 million, which meets the special funding situation definition, was due September 2015.

2015 CHANGES IN ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

• The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.00 percent per year through 2030, and 2.50 percent per year thereafter, to 1.00 percent per year through 2035, and 2.50 percent per year thereafter.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information (continued) June 30, 2022

TEACHERS RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION (TRA)

2021 CHANGES IN ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

• The investment return assumption was changed from 7.50 percent to 7.00 percent.

2018 CHANGES IN ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

- The cost of living adjustment (COLA) was reduced from 2.00 percent each January 1 to 1.00 percent, effective January 1, 2019. Beginning January 1, 2024, the COLA will increase 0.10 percent each year until reaching the ultimate rate of 1.50 percent on January 1, 2028.
- Beginning July 1, 2024, eligibility for the first COLA changes to normal retirement age (age 65 to 66, depending on date of birth). However, members who retire under Rule of 90 and members who are at least age 62 with 30 years of service credit, are exempt.
- The COLA trigger provision, which would have increased the COLA to 2.50 percent if the funded ratio was at least 90.00 percent for two consecutive years, was eliminated.
- Augmentation in the early retirement reduction factors is phased out over a five-year period beginning July 1, 2019 and ending June 30, 2024 (this reduces early retirement benefits). Members who retire and are at least age 62 with 30 years of service are exempt.
- Augmentation on deferred benefits will be reduced to zero percent beginning July 1, 2019. Interest payable on refunds to members was reduced from 4.00 percent to 3.00 percent, effective July 1, 2018. Interest due on payments and purchases from members, employers is reduced from 8.50 percent to 7.50 percent, effective July 1, 2018.
- The employer contribution rate is increased each July 1 over the next six years, (7.71 percent in 2018, 7.92 percent in 2019, 8.13 percent in 2020, 8.34 percent in 2021, 8.55 percent in 2022, and 8.75 percent in 2023). In addition, the employee contribution rate will increase from 7.50 percent to 7.75 percent on July 1, 2023. The state provides funding for the higher employer contribution rate through an adjustment in the school aid formula.
- The single discount rate changed from 5.12 percent to 7.50 percent.

- The investment return assumption was changed from 8.50 percent to 7.50 percent.
- The single discount rate changed from 5.12 percent to 7.50 percent.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information (continued) June 30, 2022

TEACHERS RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION (TRA) (CONTINUED)

2017 CHANGES IN ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

- The COLA was assumed to increase from 2.00 percent annually to 2.50 percent annually on July 1, 2045.
- The COLA was not assumed to increase to 2.50 percent, but remain at 2.00 percent for all future years.
- Adjustments were made to the CSA loads. The active load was reduced from 1.40 percent to zero percent, the vested inactive load increased from 4.00 percent to 7.00 percent, and the nonvested inactive load increased from 4.00 percent to 9.00 percent.
- The investment return assumption was changed from 8.00 percent to 7.50 percent.
- The price inflation assumption was lowered from 2.75 percent to 2.50 percent.
- The payroll growth assumption was lowered from 3.50 percent to 3.00 percent.
- The general wage growth assumption was lowered from 3.50 percent to 2.85 percent for 10 years, followed by 3.25 percent thereafter.
- The salary increase assumption was adjusted to reflect the changes in the general wage growth assumption.
- The single discount rate changed from 4.66 percent to 5.12 percent.

2016 CHANGES IN ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

• The single discount rate was changed from 8.00 percent to 4.66 percent.

2015 CHANGES IN PLAN PROVISIONS

• The Duluth Teachers Retirement Fund Association was merged into the TRA on June 30, 2015.

- The annual COLA for the June 30, 2015 valuation assumed 2.00 percent. The prior year valuation used 2.00 percent, with an increase to 2.50 percent commencing in 2034.
- The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 8.00 percent. This is a decrease from the discount rate at the prior measurement date of 8.25 percent.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information (continued) June 30, 2022

OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PLAN

2022 CHANGES IN ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

- The expected long-term investment return was changed from 5.10 percent to 5.60 percent.
- The discount rate was changed from 3.40 percent to 4.40 percent.

2021 CHANGES IN ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

- The expected long-term investment return was changed from 5.20 percent to 5.10 percent.
- The discount rate was changed from 3.50 percent to 3.40 percent.
- The healthcare trend rates, mortality tables, salary increase rates, retiree plan participation percentage for future retirees who will be eligible to receive a subsidy, and the percentage of future married retirees electing spouse coverage were updated.

2020 CHANGES IN ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

- The expected long-term investment return was changed from 5.60 percent to 5.20 percent.
- The discount rate was changed from 4.20 percent to 3.50 percent.

2019 CHANGES IN ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

- The expected long-term investment return was changed from 5.80 percent to 5.60 percent.
- The healthcare trend rates, including the trend of lump sums payable to the Health Reimbursement Account, and the mortality tables were updated.
- The discount rate was changed from 4.40 percent to 4.20 percent.

2018 CHANGES IN ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

- The expected long-term investment return was changed from 6.00 percent to 5.80 percent.
- The discount rate was changed from 4.10 percent to 4.40 percent.

- The healthcare trend rates were changed to better anticipate short-term and long-term medical increases.
- The mortality table was updated from RP-2000 projected to 2014 with Scale BB, to the RP-2014 White Collar Mortality Tables with MP-2015 Generational Improvement Scale.
- The withdrawal table for all employees and the retirement table for only employees eligible to retire under the Rule of 90 were also updated.
- The discount rate was changed from 3.00 percent to 4.10 percent.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet as of June 30, 2022

	Special Revenue Funds					
				Community		
	Fo	ood Service		Service		Total
Assets						
Cash and temporary investments	\$	2,383,981	\$	2,573,069	\$	4,957,050
Receivables						
Current taxes		_		432,643		432,643
Delinquent taxes		_		6,501		6,501
Accounts and interest		34,829		_		34,829
Due from other governmental units		170,245		173,414		343,659
Inventory		81,837		_		81,837
Total assets	\$	2,670,892	\$	3,185,627	\$	5,856,519
Liabilities						
Salaries and compensated absences payable	\$	5,533	\$	190,349	\$	195,882
Accounts and contracts payable		71,544		103,829		175,373
Unearned revenue		210,811		9,140		219,951
Total liabilities		287,888		303,318	-	591,206
Deferred inflows of resources						
Unavailable revenue – delinquent taxes		_		5,018		5,018
Property taxes levied for subsequent year		_		658,303		658,303
Total deferred inflows of resources		_		663,321		663,321
Fund balances						
Nonspendable		81,837		_		81,837
Restricted		2,301,167		2,218,988		4,520,155
Total fund balances		2,383,004		2,218,988		4,601,992
Total liabilities, deferred inflows						
of resources, and fund balances	\$	2,670,892	\$	3,185,627	\$	5,856,519

Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Special Revenue Funds						
		Community					
	Food Service	Service	Total				
Revenue							
Local sources							
Property taxes	\$ -	\$ 677,623	\$ 677,623				
Investment earnings	2,565	3,711	6,276				
Other	433,718	4,021,311	4,455,029				
State sources	165,561	417,725	583,286				
Federal sources	4,958,185	449,683	5,407,868				
Total revenue	5,560,029	5,570,053	11,130,082				
Expenditures							
Current							
Food service	3,970,768	_	3,970,768				
Community service	_	4,742,874	4,742,874				
Capital outlay	_	29,275	29,275				
Total expenditures	3,970,768	4,772,149	8,742,917				
Net change in fund balances	1,589,261	797,904	2,387,165				
Fund balances							
Beginning of year	793,743	1,421,084	2,214,827				
End of year	\$ 2,383,004	\$ 2,218,988	\$ 4,601,992				

General Fund Comparative Balance Sheet as of June 30, 2022 and 2021

		2022		2021
Assets				
Cash and temporary investments	\$	45,572,884	\$	35,715,956
Receivables				
Current taxes		10,605,815		9,286,588
Delinquent taxes		151,659		198,073
Accounts and interest		54,496		7,384
Due from other governmental units		8,534,632		8,978,942
Due from other funds		1,430,023		1,116,483
Prepaid items		195,045		
Total assets	\$	66,544,554	\$	55,303,426
Liabilities				
Salaries and compensated absences payable	\$	4,441,012	\$	4,443,895
Accounts and contracts payable	ψ	3,112,355	ψ	1,713,283
Due to other governmental units		367,080		347,398
Unearned revenue		59,291		501,271
Total liabilities		7,979,738		7,005,847
Total habilities		1,919,130		7,003,647
Deferred inflows of resources				
Unavailable revenue – delinquent taxes		112,875		111,766
Property taxes levied for subsequent year		15,355,144		15,286,960
Total deferred inflows of resources		15,468,019		15,398,726
Fund balances				
Nonspendable for prepaid items		195,045		_
Restricted for student activities		160,022		156,449
Restricted for operating capital		3,245,404		2,394,366
Restricted for safe schools levy		269,309		293,334
Restricted for long-term facilities maintenance		6,246,146		4,266,614
Restricted for Medical Assistance		592,891		443,197
Assigned for learner activities		302,853		, _
Assigned for alternative compensation		717,042		714,846
Assigned for district projects		3,127,890		2,435,163
Assigned for budget carryover		766,254		681,568
Assigned for future budget revision		_		608,271
Assigned for class size reduction		1,608,271		_
Assigned for technology		3,971,512		2,447,509
Assigned for COVID-19				750,000
Assigned for special education		500,000		500,000
Assigned for severance benefits payable		803,669		1,392,765
Assigned for special education maintenance of effort		1,171,863		1,171,863
Assigned for special education mannenance of enort		1,171,803		1,171,005
Assigned for sponsorships and advertising		70,670		—
Assigned for net OPEB liability				_
Unassigned of net OPEB habinty Unassigned – disabled accessibility restricted account deficit		609,719 (112,595)		—
		(112,595)		14 642 009
Unassigned Total fund balances		18,832,200 43,096,797		14,642,908 32,898,853
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$	66,544,554	\$	55,303,426
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General Fund Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual Year Ended June 30, 2022 (With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended June 30, 2021)

		2022		2021
		-	Over (Under)	
	Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual
Revenue				
Local sources				
Property taxes	\$ 15,910,303	\$ 16,160,853	\$ 250,550	\$ 15,458,107
Investment earnings	_	91,528	91,528	30,509
Other	2,395,980	3,425,774	1,029,794	2,484,103
State sources	69,134,166	70,336,036	1,201,870	70,478,182
Federal sources	2,564,528	2,559,832	(4,696)	4,376,754
Total revenue	90,004,977	92,574,023	2,569,046	92,827,655
Expenditures				
Current				
Administration				
Salaries	2,146,767	2,231,578	84,811	2,324,169
Employee benefits	692,193	851,634	159,441	899,699
Purchased services	63,470	62,406	(1,064)	23,134
Supplies and materials	71,528	64,941	(6,587)	47,595
Capital expenditures	1,820	_	(1,820)	_
Other expenditures	67,770	60,553	(7,217)	55,016
Total administration	3,043,548	3,271,112	227,564	3,349,613
District support services				
Salaries	1,109,644	975,553	(134,091)	971,522
Employee benefits	504,907	452,660	(52,247)	441,945
Purchased services	344,989	215,402	(129,587)	272,942
Supplies and materials	127,341	140,411	13,070	128,750
Capital expenditures	62,088	9,213	(52,875)	_
Other expenditures	12,276	10,585	(1,691)	10,739
Total district support services	2,161,245	1,803,824	(357,421)	1,825,898
Elementary and secondary regular instruction				
Salaries	23,198,063	22,570,606	(627,457)	23,112,722
Employee benefits	10,975,688	9,563,980	(1,411,708)	9,756,622
Purchased services	2,081,131	1,599,309	(481,822)	1,015,225
Supplies and materials	1,432,024	1,062,039	(369,985)	1,759,697
Capital expenditures	170,556	590,651	420,095	232,764
Other expenditures	197,300	208,166	10,866	188,940
Total elementary and secondary				
regular instruction	38,054,762	35,594,751	(2,460,011)	36,065,970

General Fund Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual (continued) Year Ended June 30, 2022 (With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended June 30, 2021)

		2021		
			Over (Under)	
	Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual
Expenditures (continued)				
Current (continued)				
Vocational education instruction				
Salaries	487,762	497,703	9,941	511,702
Employee benefits	219,950	202,373	(17,577)	201,866
Purchased services	174,539	294,996	120,457	362,237
Supplies and materials	76,722	69,175	(7,547)	75,485
Capital expenditures		10,000	10,000	10,003
Other expenditures	2,000	3,550	1,550	2,780
Total vocational education instruction	960,973	1,077,797	116,824	1,164,073
Special education instruction				
Salaries	12,683,875	12,239,089	(444,786)	12,160,778
Employee benefits	4,918,538	4,585,752	(332,786)	4,629,749
Purchased services	1,673,125	1,763,164	90,039	2,480,820
Supplies and materials	75,404	89,402	13,998	123,341
Capital expenditures	-	, _	· —	297
Other expenditures	70,000	71,596	1,596	70,262
Total special education instruction	19,420,942	18,749,003	(671,939)	19,465,247
Instructional support services				
Salaries	2,469,594	2,306,953	(162,641)	2,132,849
Employee benefits	672,845	829,460	156,615	485,701
Purchased services	332,478	258,431	(74,047)	273,331
Supplies and materials	628,016	809,231	181,215	1,452,044
Capital expenditures	141,512	236,517	95,005	148,487
Other expenditures	31,800	8,532	(23,268)	9,026
Total instructional support services	4,276,245	4,449,124	172,879	4,501,438
Pupil support services				
Salaries	1,095,403	949,014	(146,389)	1,025,490
Employee benefits	300,896	288,483	(12,413)	354,356
Purchased services	5,923,705	5,961,103	37,398	5,102,386
Supplies and materials	588,789	554,359	(34,430)	149,045
Other expenditures	5,814	6,636	822	6,120
Total pupil support services	7,914,607	7,759,595	(155,012)	6,637,397

General Fund Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual (continued) Year Ended June 30, 2022 (With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended June 30, 2021)

		2021		
			Over (Under)	
	Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual
Expenditures (continued)				
Current (continued)				
Sites and buildings				
Salaries	2,824,822	2,758,582	(66,240)	2,644,784
Employee benefits	1,510,926	1,315,034	(195,892)	1,257,491
Purchased services	2,612,767	2,707,680	94,913	2,558,859
Supplies and materials	457,786	468,412	10,626	475,187
Capital expenditures	2,902,018	1,407,425	(1,494,593)	1,479,309
Other expenditures	30,774	31,605	831	127,671
Total sites and buildings	10,339,093	8,688,738	(1,650,355)	8,543,301
Fiscal and other fixed cost programs				
Purchased services	370,000	315,490	(54,510)	298,296
Debt service				
Principal	702,166	801,302	99,136	391,166
Interest and fiscal charges	368,175	377,134	8,959	123,892
Total debt service	1,070,341	1,178,436	108,095	515,058
Total expenditures	87,611,756	82,887,870	(4,723,886)	82,366,291
Excess of revenue over expenditures	2,393,221	9,686,153	7,292,932	10,461,364
Other financing sources (uses)				
Sale of capital assets	_	_	_	37,524
Debt issued	_	511,791	511,791	_
Transfers (out)	_	_	_	(440,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)		511,791	511,791	(402,476)
Net change in fund balances	\$ 2,393,221	10,197,944	\$ 7,804,723	10,058,888
Fund balances				
Beginning of year		32,898,853		22,839,965
End of year		\$ 43,096,797		\$ 32,898,853

Food Service Special Revenue Fund Comparative Balance Sheet as of June 30, 2022 and 2021

	2022			2021	
Assets					
Cash and temporary investments	\$	2,383,981	\$	694,759	
Receivables					
Accounts and interest		34,829		20,292	
Due from other governmental units		170,245		230,974	
Inventory		81,837		81,397	
Total assets	\$	2,670,892	\$	1,027,422	
Liabilities					
Salaries and compensated absences payable	\$	5,533	\$	15,621	
Accounts and contracts payable		71,544		42,180	
Unearned revenue		210,811		175,878	
Total liabilities		287,888		233,679	
Fund balances					
Nonspendable for inventory		81,837		81,397	
Restricted for food service		2,301,167		712,346	
Total fund balances		2,383,004		793,743	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	2,670,892	\$	1,027,422	

Food Service Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual Year Ended June 30, 2022 (With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended June 30, 2021)

		2022		2021
			Over (Under)	
	Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual
Revenue				
Local sources				
Investment earnings	\$ -	\$ 2,565	\$ 2,565	\$ 156
Other – primarily meal sales	350,860	433,718	82,858	81,571
State sources	_	165,561	165,561	_
Federal sources	3,678,000	4,958,185	1,280,185	3,788,812
Total revenue	4,028,860	5,560,029	1,531,169	3,870,539
Expenditures				
Current				
Salaries	1,137,312	1,238,970	101,658	1,158,174
Employee benefits	485,819	465,738	(20,081)	474,530
Purchased services	84,720	93,661	8,941	41,742
Supplies and materials	1,886,000	2,160,016	274,016	1,511,524
Other expenditures	15,000	12,383	(2,617)	11,812
Capital outlay	240,000		(240,000)	66,510
Total expenditures	3,848,851	3,970,768	121,917	3,264,292
Net change in fund balances	\$ 180,009	1,589,261	\$ 1,409,252	606,247
Fund balances				
Beginning of year		793,743		187,496
End of year		\$ 2,383,004		\$ 793,743

Community Service Special Revenue Fund Comparative Balance Sheet as of June 30, 2022 and 2021

	2	2022	 2021
Assets			
Cash and temporary investments	\$ 2	2,573,069	\$ 1,816,179
Receivables		,- · - ,	,,
Current taxes		432,643	398,544
Delinquent taxes		6,501	8,810
Due from other governmental units		173,414	 116,928
Total assets	\$ 3	3,185,627	\$ 2,340,461
Liabilities			
Salaries and compensated absences payable	\$	190,349	\$ 128,770
Accounts and contracts payable		103,829	69,786
Due to other governmental units		_	1,300
Unearned revenue		9,140	 35,569
Total liabilities		303,318	 235,425
Deferred inflows of resources			
Unavailable revenue – delinquent taxes		5,018	5,050
Property taxes levied for subsequent year		658,303	678,902
Total deferred inflows of resources		663,321	 683,952
Fund balances			
Restricted for community education programs	1	1,417,187	738,048
Restricted for early childhood family education programs		547,798	457,958
Restricted for school readiness		214,991	187,060
Restricted for community service		39,012	38,018
Total fund balances	2	2,218,988	 1,421,084
Total liabilities, deferred inflows			
of resources, and fund balances	\$ 3	3,185,627	\$ 2,340,461

Community Service Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual Year Ended June 30, 2022 (With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended June 30, 2021)

		2021		
	Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual
Revenue				
Local sources				
Property taxes	\$ 678,782	\$ 677,623	\$ (1,159)	\$ 644,381
Investment earnings	_	3,711	3,711	1,882
Other – primarily tuition and fees	2,821,493	4,021,311	1,199,818	2,641,716
State sources	429,111	417,725	(11,386)	445,938
Federal sources	_	449,683	449,683	431
Total revenue	3,929,386	5,570,053	1,640,667	3,734,348
Expenditures				
Current				
Salaries	2,797,235	2,922,548	125,313	2,627,064
Employee benefits	818,438	825,999	7,561	795,083
Purchased services	502,365	812,932	310,567	719,572
Supplies and materials	122,117	179,207	57,090	129,967
Other expenditures	2,626	2,188	(438)	2,885
Capital outlay	42,747	29,275	(13,472)	7,493
Total expenditures	4,285,528	4,772,149	486,621	4,282,064
Excess (deficiency) of revenue				
over expenditures	(356,142)	797,904	1,154,046	(547,716)
Other financing sources				
Transfers in				440,000
Net change in fund balances	\$ (356,142)	797,904	\$ 1,154,046	(107,716)
Fund balances				
Beginning of year		1,421,084		1,528,800
End of year		\$ 2,218,988		\$ 1,421,084

Capital Projects – Building Construction Fund Comparative Balance Sheet as of June 30, 2022 and 2021

	2022		 2021	
Assets				
Cash and temporary investments	\$	_	\$ 317,097	
Cash and investments held by trustee		913,680	 7,407,654	
Total assets	\$	913,680	\$ 7,724,751	
Liabilities				
Accounts and contracts payable	\$	325,513	\$ 468,445	
Due to other funds		212,306	_	
Total liabilities		537,819	 468,445	
Fund balances				
Restricted for projects funded by certificates of participation		375,861	6,842,160	
Restricted for building construction		-	414,146	
Total fund balances		375,861	 7,256,306	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	913,680	\$ 7,724,751	

Capital Projects – Building Construction Fund Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual Year Ended June 30, 2022 (With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended June 30, 2021)

		2021		
	Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual
Revenue				
Local sources				
Investment earnings (charges)	\$ -	\$ 2,007	\$ 2,007	\$ (25,937)
Other	_			52,390
Total revenue	_	2,007	2,007	26,453
Expenditures				
Capital outlay				
Purchased services	500,000	396,322	(103,678)	1,449,184
Supplies and materials	164,145	138,267	(25,878)	71,768
Capital expenditures	6,090,000	6,347,863	257,863	4,488,891
Total capital outlay	6,754,145	6,882,452	128,307	6,009,843
Debt service				
Fiscal charges and other	_	_		152,650
Total expenditures	6,754,145	6,882,452	128,307	6,162,493
Excess (deficiency) of revenue				
over expenditures	(6,754,145)	(6,880,445)	(126,300)	(6,136,040)
Other financing sources				
Debt issued	_	_	_	8,300,000
Premium on debt issued	_	_	_	233,820
Total other financing sources				8,533,820
Net change in fund balances	\$ (6,754,145)	(6,880,445)	\$ (126,300)	2,397,780
Fund balances				
Beginning of year		7,256,306		4,858,526
End of year		\$ 375,861		\$ 7,256,306

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Debt Service Fund Balance Sheet by Account as of June 30, 2022 (With Comparative Totals as of June 30, 2021)

	Regular Debt Service		OPEB Debt Service		Totals			
		Account	Account		2022		2021	
A								
Assets	¢	5 100 247	¢	240 552	¢	5 526 900	¢	C 004 900
Cash and temporary investments	\$	5,188,247	\$	348,553	\$	5,536,800	\$	6,094,899
Cash and investments held by trustee Receivables		58,046,699		_		58,046,699		_
Current taxes		5,722,590		402,856		6,125,446		5,478,936
Delinquent taxes		86,072		5,989		92,061		128,195
Accounts and interest		343,885		-		343,885		_
Due from other governmental units		1,106		4		1,110		1,189
Total assets	\$	69,388,599	\$	757,402	\$	70,146,001	\$	11,703,219
Liabilities								
Accounts and contracts payable	\$	-	\$	_	\$	-	\$	1,800
Deferred inflows of resources								
Unavailable revenue – delinquent taxes		65,103		5,060		70,163		72,807
Property taxes levied for subsequent year		8,707,256		612,998		9,320,254		9,332,954
Total deferred inflows of resources		8,772,359		618,058		9,390,417		9,405,761
Fund balances								
Restricted for bond refundings		58,390,584		_		58,390,584		_
Restricted for debt service		2,225,656		139,344		2,365,000		2,295,658
Total fund balances		60,616,240		139,344		60,755,584		2,295,658
Total liabilities, deferred inflows								
of resources, and fund balances	\$	69,388,599	\$	757,402	\$	70,146,001	\$	11,703,219

Debt Service Fund Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances by Account Budget and Actual Year Ended June 30, 2022 (With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended June 30, 2021)

		2022					
		Actual					
		Regular	OPEB				
		Debt Service	Debt Service				
	Budget	Account	Account	Total			
Revenue							
Local sources							
Property taxes	\$ 9,322,276	\$ 8,737,728	\$ 579,859	\$ 9,317,587			
Investment earnings		353,078	697	353,775			
State sources	_	11,070	42	11,112			
Total revenue	9,322,276	9,101,876	580,598	9,682,474			
Expenditures							
Debt service							
Principal	7,915,000	7,595,000	320,000	7,915,000			
Interest	1,381,039	1,098,800	282,239	1,381,039			
Fiscal charges and other	599,108	586,509	_	586,509			
Total expenditures	9,895,147	9,280,309	602,239	9,882,548			
Excess (deficiency) of revenue							
over expenditures	(572,871)	(178,433)	(21,641)	(200,074)			
Other financing sources							
Refunding debt issued	58,660,000	58,660,000		58,660,000			
Net change in fund balance	\$ 58,087,129	58,481,567	(21,641)	58,459,926			
Fund balances							
Beginning of year		2,134,673	160,985	2,295,658			
End of year		\$ 60,616,240	\$ 139,344	\$ 60,755,584			

Over (Under) Budget	Actual
\$ (4,689) 353,775 <u>11,112</u> 360,198	\$ 9,660,905 5,579 <u>11,897</u> 9,678,381
(12,599) (12,599)	7,700,000 1,532,754 18,900 9,251,654
372,797	426,727
\$ 372,797	426,727
	1,868,931
	\$ 2,295,658

2021

Internal Service Funds Combining Statement of Net Position as of June 30, 2022 (With Comparative Totals as of June 30, 2021)

	Health Benefits		Dental		Totals			
	Se	lf-Insurance	Self-Insurance		2022			2021
Assets Current assets Cash and temporary investments Receivables Accounts and interest		5,127,746 281,716	\$	336,367	\$	5,464,113 281,716 5 745 820	\$	6,232,271 215,984 6 448 255
Total current assets		5,409,462		336,367		5,745,829		6,448,255
Liabilities Current liabilities								
Claims payable		752,000		4,000		756,000		652,164
Unearned revenue				-				1,481,019
Total current liabilities		752,000		4,000		756,000		2,133,183
Net position	¢	4 (57 4(2	¢	222.267	¢	4 000 020	¢	4 215 072
Unrestricted	\$	4,657,462	\$	332,367	\$	4,989,829	\$	4,315,072

Internal Service Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Year Ended June 30, 2022 (With Comparative Totals for the Year Ended June 30, 2021)

	Health Benefits	Dental	Totals			
	Self-Insurance	Self-Insurance	2022	2021		
Operating revenue Charges for services	\$ 10,827,369	\$ 479,422	\$ 11,306,791	\$ 10,899,221		
Operating expenses						
Health claims and fees	10,180,106	_	10,180,106	10,336,074		
Dental claims and fees	_	462,643	462,643	499,109		
Total operating expenses	10,180,106	462,643	10,642,749	10,835,183		
Operating income (loss)	647,263	16,779	664,042	64,038		
Nonoperating revenue						
Investment earnings	10,098	617	10,715	7,594		
Change in net position	657,361	17,396	674,757	71,632		
Net position						
Beginning of year	4,000,101	314,971	4,315,072	4,243,440		
End of year	\$ 4,657,462	\$ 332,367	\$ 4,989,829	\$ 4,315,072		

Internal Service Funds Combining Statement of Cash Flows Year Ended June 30, 2022 (With Comparative Totals for the Year Ended June 30, 2021)

	He	alth Benefits	Dental		Total		als	ıls	
	Se	lf-Insurance	Sel	f-Insurance		2022		2021	
Cash flows from operating activities									
Received from assessments made to other funds	\$	9,321,647	\$	438,393	\$	9,760,040	\$	10,860,401	
Health claims and fees payments		(10,062,106)		_		(10,062,106)		(10,430,074)	
Dental claims and fees payments				(476,807)		(476,807)		(494,656)	
Net cash flows from operating activities		(740,459)		(38,414)		(778,873)		(64,329)	
Cash flows from investing activities									
Interest received on investments		10,098		617		10,715		7,594	
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		(730,361)		(37,797)		(768,158)		(56,735)	
Cash and temporary investments									
Beginning of year		5,858,107		374,164		6,232,271		6,289,006	
End of year	\$	5,127,746	\$	336,367	\$	5,464,113	\$	6,232,271	
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash flows from operating activities									
Operating income	\$	647,263	\$	16,779	\$	664,042	\$	64,038	
Adjustment to reconcile operating income									
to net cash flows from operating activities									
Changes in assets and liabilities									
Accounts and interest receivable		(65,732)		_		(65,732)		(149,746)	
Claims payable		118,000		(14,164)		103,836		(89,547)	
Unearned revenue		(1,439,990)		(41,029)		(1,481,019)		110,926	
Net cash flows from operating activities	\$	(740,459)	\$	(38,414)	\$	(778,873)	\$	(64,329)	

OTHER DISTRICT INFORMATION

(UNAUDITED)

Changes in and Components of Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

				Fiscal Year
	2013	2014	2015	2016
Changes in net position – governmental activities				
Expenses				
Administration	\$ 2,816,601	\$ 2,939,148	\$ 3,053,108	\$ 3,215,420
District support services	3,480,012	3,298,489	3,544,069	3,516,007
Elementary and secondary regular instruction	29,649,276	28,911,845	31,705,124	33,215,546
Vocational education instruction	768,887	722,923	692,861	795,229
Special education instruction	14,339,050	14,522,294	15,792,250	17,552,161
Instructional support services	2,153,690	2,087,731	2,425,659	2,380,984
Pupil support services	5,470,873	6,228,303	6,501,927	6,508,758
Sites and buildings	5,823,891	6,562,439	7,035,863	5,687,353
Fiscal and other fixed cost programs	200,843	213,203	228,124	380,958
Food service	3,080,386	3,022,469	3,076,840	3,180,165
Community service	2,991,533	3,275,780	3,102,767	3,521,728
Depreciation/amortization not				
included in other functions	3,217,581	3,196,968	3,213,380	3,648,481
Interest and fiscal charges	2,279,444	1,872,940	3,399,739	3,250,044
Total expenses	76,272,067	76,854,532	83,771,711	86,852,834
Revenues				
Program revenues				
Charges for services	5,967,205	5,929,044	5,808,928	6,379,371
Operating grants and contributions	12,165,968	13,013,393	15,103,012	15,433,397
General revenues	12,100,200	10,010,090	10,100,012	10,100,000
Property taxes	17,534,294	13,089,226	16,925,342	16,626,909
General grants and aids	43,885,962	49,253,332	47,753,060	49,450,433
Investment earnings and other	1,195,296	843,133	1,198,366	1,449,369
Total revenues	81,491,167	82,128,128	86,788,708	89,339,479
Total revenues	81,491,107	82,120,120	80,788,708	69,339,479
Change in net position	\$ 5,219,100	\$ 5,273,596	\$ 3,016,997	\$ 2,486,645
Components of net position – governmental activities				
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 21,641,646	\$ 25,342,179	\$ 27,366,979	\$ 31,815,679
Restricted	3,308,901	3,459,014	3,472,472	3,145,795
Unrestricted	(4,694,446)	(3,271,496)	(47,663,240)	(49,298,618)
Uniesulcieu	(4,094,440)	(3,271,490)	(47,005,240)	(49,290,018)
Total net position	\$ 20,256,101	\$ 25,529,697	\$ (16,823,789)	\$ (14,337,144)

Note 1: The change in "tax shift," as approved in legislation, impacted the amount of tax revenue recognized in fiscal year 2014. Changes in the amount of revenue recognized, due to the tax shift, are offset by an adjustment to state aid payments by an equal amount.

Note 2: The District implemented GASB Statement No. 68 in fiscal 2015. The District reported a change in accounting principle as a result of implementing this standard, that decreased unrestricted net position by \$45,370,483.

Note 3: In fiscal 2017, the District reported a prior period adjustment and a change in accounting principle as required with the new standards, that decreased net position by a combined total of \$4,765,356.

Note 4: The District implemented GASB Statement No. 84 in fiscal 2020. The District reported a change in accounting principle as a result of implementing this standard, that increased unrestricted net position by \$155,195.

	17 2018	2017
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	39,111 \$ 3,896,14	4,339,111
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	67,576 3,545,26	4,067,576
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	28,053 43,262,74	50,028,053
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	67,130 1,060,852	967,130
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	09,549 22,406,192	23,909,549
7,450,111 $7,083,908$ $7,619,549$ $7,874,536$ $6,424,138$ $7,039$ $230,873$ $242,979$ $261,422$ $273,901$ $298,296$ 315 $3,346,776$ $3,299,840$ $3,195,028$ $3,394,870$ $3,196,521$ $3,848$ $4,464,764$ $4,627,273$ $4,284,247$ $4,792,378$ $4,256,675$ $4,535$ $3,252,183$ $4,013,919$ $4,295,107$ $4,215,358$ $4,278,316$ $4,976$ $3,647,286$ $3,034,689$ $3,472,948$ $3,088,339$ $3,247,971$ $4,054$ $115,772,711$ $106,637,140$ $74,389,924$ $98,466,531$ $97,126,455$ $91,952$ $6,210,480$ $6,745,449$ $7,185,689$ $5,681,840$ $3,849,973$ $5,768$ $16,397,531$ $16,840,789$ $17,240,617$ $20,401,762$ $22,525,651$ $23,884$ $17,107,604$ $15,985,460$ $17,994,243$ $24,409,668$ $25,758,108$ $26,154$ $52,565,301$ $51,971,877$ $50,334,809$ $54,064,056$ $56,682,845$ $54,735$ $2,395,945$ $2,217,483$ $2,695,231$ $2,798,970$ $1,467,114$ $2,576$ $94,676,861$ $93,761,058$ $95,450,589$ $107,356,296$ $110,283,691$ $113,119$ $$(21,095,850)$ $$(12,876,082)$ $$$21,060,665$ $$$8,889,765$ $$$13,157,236$ $$$21,167$ $$,29,790,809$ $$32,315,862$ $$31,559,639$ $$34,579,960$ $$38,539,157$ $$41,830$	44,421 2,772,230	2,944,421
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	24,878 7,391,10	7,124,878
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	50,111 7,083,90	7,450,111
4,464,764 $4,627,273$ $4,284,247$ $4,792,378$ $4,256,675$ $4,535$ $3,252,183$ $4,013,919$ $4,295,107$ $4,215,358$ $4,278,316$ $4,976$ $3,647,286$ $3,034,689$ $3,472,948$ $3,088,339$ $3,247,971$ $4,054$ $115,772,711$ $106,637,140$ $74,389,924$ $98,466,531$ $97,126,455$ $91,952$ $6,210,480$ $6,745,449$ $7,185,689$ $5,681,840$ $3,849,973$ $5,768$ $16,397,531$ $16,840,789$ $17,240,617$ $20,401,762$ $22,525,651$ $23,884$ $17,107,604$ $15,985,460$ $17,994,243$ $24,409,668$ $25,758,108$ $26,154$ $52,565,301$ $51,971,877$ $50,334,809$ $54,064,056$ $56,682,845$ $54,735$ $2,395,945$ $2,217,483$ $2,695,231$ $2,798,970$ $1,467,114$ $2,576$ $94,676,861$ $93,761,058$ $95,450,589$ $107,356,296$ $110,283,691$ $113,119$ $$$ $(21,095,850)$ $$$ $$(12,876,082)$ $$$ $$21,060,665$ $$$ $$8,889,765$ $$$ $$13,157,236$ $$21,167$ $$$ $29,790,809$ $$$ $32,315,862$ $$$ $$31,559,639$ $$$ $$34,579,960$ $$$ $$38,539,157$ $$$ $$41,830$		
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	46,776 3,299,840	3,346,776
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	64,764 4,627,273	4,464,764
115,772,711 $106,637,140$ $74,389,924$ $98,466,531$ $97,126,455$ $91,952$ $6,210,480$ $6,745,449$ $7,185,689$ $5,681,840$ $3,849,973$ $5,768$ $16,397,531$ $16,840,789$ $17,240,617$ $20,401,762$ $22,525,651$ $23,884$ $17,107,604$ $15,985,460$ $17,994,243$ $24,409,668$ $25,758,108$ $26,154$ $52,565,301$ $51,971,877$ $50,334,809$ $54,064,056$ $56,682,845$ $54,735$ $2,395,945$ $2,217,483$ $2,695,231$ $2,798,970$ $1,467,114$ $2,576$ $94,676,861$ $93,761,058$ $95,450,589$ $107,356,296$ $110,283,691$ $113,119$ $$$ $(21,095,850)$ $$$ $(12,876,082)$ $$$ $21,060,665$ $$$ $8,889,765$ $$$ $13,157,236$ $$$ $21,167$ $$$ $29,790,809$ $$$ $32,315,862$ $$$ $31,559,639$ $$$ $34,579,960$ $$$ $38,539,157$ $$$ $41,830$	52,183 4,013,91	3,252,183
115,772,711 $106,637,140$ $74,389,924$ $98,466,531$ $97,126,455$ $91,952$ $6,210,480$ $6,745,449$ $7,185,689$ $5,681,840$ $3,849,973$ $5,768$ $16,397,531$ $16,840,789$ $17,240,617$ $20,401,762$ $22,525,651$ $23,884$ $17,107,604$ $15,985,460$ $17,994,243$ $24,409,668$ $25,758,108$ $26,154$ $52,565,301$ $51,971,877$ $50,334,809$ $54,064,056$ $56,682,845$ $54,735$ $2,395,945$ $2,217,483$ $2,695,231$ $2,798,970$ $1,467,114$ $2,576$ $94,676,861$ $93,761,058$ $95,450,589$ $107,356,296$ $110,283,691$ $113,119$ $$$ $(21,095,850)$ $$$ $(12,876,082)$ $$$ $21,060,665$ $$$ $8,889,765$ $$$ $13,157,236$ $$$ $21,167$ $$$ $29,790,809$ $$$ $32,315,862$ $$$ $31,559,639$ $$$ $34,579,960$ $$$ $38,539,157$ $$$ $41,830$	47,286 3,034,689	3,647,286
16,397,531 $16,840,789$ $17,240,617$ $20,401,762$ $22,525,651$ $23,884$ $17,107,604$ $15,985,460$ $17,994,243$ $24,409,668$ $25,758,108$ $26,154$ $52,565,301$ $51,971,877$ $50,334,809$ $54,064,056$ $56,682,845$ $54,735$ $2,395,945$ $2,217,483$ $2,695,231$ $2,798,970$ $1,467,114$ $2,576$ $94,676,861$ $93,761,058$ $95,450,589$ $107,356,296$ $110,283,691$ $113,119$ $$$ (21,095,850) $$$ (12,876,082) $$$ 21,060,665 $$$ 8,889,765 $$$ 13,157,236 $$$ 21,167 $$$ 29,790,809 $$$ 32,315,862 $$$ 31,559,639 $$$ 34,579,960 $$$ 38,539,157 $$$ 41,830		
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$, , ,	, ,
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	97,531 16,840,789	16,397,531
2,395,945 2,217,483 2,695,231 2,798,970 1,467,114 2,576 94,676,861 93,761,058 95,450,589 107,356,296 110,283,691 113,119 \$ (21,095,850) \$ (12,876,082) \$ 21,060,665 \$ 8,889,765 \$ 13,157,236 \$ 21,167 \$ 29,790,809 \$ 32,315,862 \$ 31,559,639 \$ 34,579,960 \$ 38,539,157 \$ 41,830	07,604 15,985,460	17,107,604
94,676,861 93,761,058 95,450,589 107,356,296 110,283,691 113,119 \$ (21,095,850) \$ (12,876,082) \$ 21,060,665 \$ 8,889,765 \$ 13,157,236 \$ 21,167 \$ 29,790,809 \$ 32,315,862 \$ 31,559,639 \$ 34,579,960 \$ 38,539,157 \$ 41,830	65,301 51,971,87	52,565,301
\$ (21,095,850) \$ (12,876,082) \$ 21,060,665 \$ 8,889,765 \$ 13,157,236 \$ 21,167 \$ 29,790,809 \$ 32,315,862 \$ 31,559,639 \$ 34,579,960 \$ 38,539,157 \$ 41,830	95,945 2,217,48.	2,395,945
\$ 29,790,809 \$ 32,315,862 \$ 31,559,639 \$ 34,579,960 \$ 38,539,157 \$ 41,830	76,861 93,761,058	94,676,861
	95,850) \$ (12,876,082	(21,095,850)
2 416 049 2 214 201 5 721 621 7 870 104 11 422 521 16 202		
5,410,948 2,514,291 5,751,051 7,879,104 11,422,521 10,205	16,948 2,314,29	3,416,948
(73,406,107) (87,704,585) (69,305,037) (65,427,871) (59,773,249) (46,678	06,107) (87,704,58	(73,406,107)
\$ (40,198,350) \$ (53,074,432) \$ (32,013,767) \$ (22,968,807) \$ (9,811,571) \$ 11,355	98,350) \$ (53,074,432	(<u>40,198,35</u> 0)

Operating Funds Expenditures by Function (1) (4) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Year Ended June 30,	Administration	District Support Services	Instruction (2)	Community Education and Services
2013	\$ 2,932,164	\$ 3,457,684	\$ 44,341,339	\$ 2,984,598
	4.07%	4.80%	61.61%	4.15%
2014	2,831,232	3,412,791	44,837,578	3,275,780
	3.84%	4.63%	60.83%	4.44%
2015	3,083,550	3,530,458	48,907,948	3,139,213
	3.84%	4.40%	60.98%	3.91%
2016	3,122,090 3.75%		51,745,950 62.21%	3,505,727 4.21%
2017	3,185,216	3,485,707	51,441,990	3,937,369
	3.84%	4.20%	61.94%	4.74%
2018	3,154,461	3,354,201	53,296,575	4,339,696
	3.60%	3.83%	60.88%	4.96%
2019	3,204,342 3.70%		53,957,549 62.36%	4,729,226 5.47%
2020	3,308,145	3,497,703	55,506,569	4,805,165
	3.70%	3.92%	62.15%	5.38%
2021	3,349,613	1,825,898	56,695,290	4,282,064
	3.73%	2.03%	63.06%	4.76%
2022	3,271,112	1,803,824	55,421,551	4,772,149
	3.57%	1.97%	60.48%	5.21%

- (1) Operating funds include the General Fund, Food Service Special Revenue Fund, and Community Service Special Revenue Fund.
- (2) Includes elementary and secondary regular, vocational education, and special education instruction.
- (3) Includes food service.
- (4) Capital expenditures are included by function.

structional port Services	S	Pupil Support ervices (3)	Sites	and Buildings	and	Service, Fiscal, Other Fixed st Programs	 Total
\$ 2,147,778 2.98%	\$	8,525,332 11.85%	\$	6,528,086 9.07%	\$	1,055,358 1.47%	\$ 71,972,339 100.00%
2,060,042 2.79%		9,217,576 12.50%		7,074,976 9.60%		1,006,978 1.37%	73,716,953 100.00%
2,454,988 3.06%		9,574,192 11.94%		8,374,178 10.44%		1,144,093 1.43%	80,208,620 100.00%
2,472,550 2.97%		9,647,051 11.60%		8,212,068 9.87%		1,061,342 1.28%	83,186,586 100.00%
2,266,139 2.73%		9,810,225 11.81%		7,623,124 9.18%		1,291,385 1.56%	83,041,155 100.00%
2,369,486 2.71%		10,363,428 11.84%		9,403,919 10.74%		1,259,012 1.44%	87,540,778 100.00%
2,278,271 2.63%		10,758,476 12.44%		7,333,568 8.48%		781,010 0.90%	86,524,327 100.00%
2,274,251 2.55%		10,317,706 11.54%		8,816,363 9.87%		790,959 0.89%	89,316,861 100.00%
4,501,438 5.01%		9,901,689 11.01%		8,543,301 9.50%		813,354 0.90%	89,912,647 100.00%
4,449,124 4.86%		11,730,363 12.80%		8,688,738 9.48%		1,493,926 1.63%	91,630,787 100.00%

Operating Funds Revenue by Source (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Year Ended June 30,	Local Property Tax Levies	Other Local and County Revenues (3)	Revenue From State Sources (2)	Revenue From Federal Sources	Total	
2013	\$ 9,718,977	\$ 7,161,588	\$ 52,655,888	\$ 3,394,083	\$ 72,930,536	
	13.33%	9.82%	72.20%	4.65%	100.00%	
2014	5,460,386	6,770,754	59,030,112	3,117,008	74,378,260	
	7.34%	9.10%	79.37%	4.19%	100.00%	
2015	10,383,775	7,099,972	59,953,457	2,811,204	80,248,408	
	12.94%	8.85%	74.71%	3.50%	100.00%	
2016	9,524,448	7,555,965	62,099,432	2,783,238	81,963,083	
	11.62%	9.22%	75.76%	3.40%	100.00%	
2017	10,209,771	8,123,299	64,012,192	2,677,799	85,023,061	
	12.01%	9.55%	75.29%	3.15%	100.00%	
2018	10,135,339	8,713,687	65,879,861	2,960,008	87,688,895	
	11.56%	9.94%	75.12%	3.38%	100.00%	
2019	10,960,274	9,485,169	67,447,666	2,819,496	90,712,605	
	12.08%	10.46%	74.35%	3.11%	100.00%	
2020	15,465,160	7,555,183	70,838,649	3,601,530	97,460,522	
	15.87%	7.75%	72.68%	3.70%	100.00%	
2021	16,102,488	5,239,937	70,924,120	8,165,997	100,432,542	
	16.03%	5.22%	70.62%	8.13%	100.00%	
2022	16,838,476	7,978,607	70,919,322	7,967,700	103,704,105	
	16.24%	7.69%	68.39%	7.68%	100.00%	

(1) Operating funds include the General Fund, Food Service Special Revenue Fund, and Community Service Special Revenue Fund.

(2) The revenue formula allocation between levy revenue and state aids is established annually by state statutes. The change in the allocation percentage would not impact total revenues. The change in "tax shift," as approved in legislation, impacted the amount of tax revenue recognized in fiscal year 2014. Changes in the amount of revenue recognized, due to the tax shift, are offset by an adjustment to state aid payments by an equal amount.

(3) Includes interest earnings.

Assessed and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

Tax Collection Year	Assessor's Estimated Market Value	Tax Capacity	Percent Net Tax Capacity to Estimated Market Value
2013	\$ 2,338,267,000	\$ 25,551,203	1.09 %
2014	2,326,717,800	26,178,760	1.13
2015	2,625,259,600	29,814,881	1.14
2016	2,686,977,500	30,542,292	1.14
2017	2,880,559,100	33,172,805	1.15
2018	3,136,397,900	35,862,266	1.14
2019	3,360,382,600	38,536,228	1.15
2020	3,653,032,759	42,110,317	1.15
2021	3,921,509,724	45,479,432	1.16
2022	4,098,165,558	47,053,418	1.15

Note: A portion of the tax levy is spread on market value and a portion on tax capacity.

Source: Anoka County

School Tax Levies and Tax Rates by Fund Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Year Collectible	General Fund	Community Service Special Revenue Fund	Debt Service Fund	Total
Levies	2013	\$ 9,198,014	\$ 418,166	\$ 7,715,411	\$ 17,331,591
	2014	9,885,301	413,876	6,605,581	16,904,758
	2015	8,931,629	438,563	7,140,214	16,510,406
	2016	9,712,724	424,596	6,943,646	17,080,966
	2017	9,528,279	581,697	5,912,128	16,022,104
	2018	10,306,995	595,941	7,104,641	18,007,577
	2019	14,708,976	633,096	8,898,626	24,240,698
	2020	15,267,321	645,126	9,676,278	25,588,725
	2021	15,839,284	678,902	9,332,954	25,851,140
	2022	16,079,159	658,303	9,320,254	26,057,716
Tax Capacity Rate (1)	2013	11.321	1.645	30.715	43.681
	2014	20.495	1.568	24.123	46.186
	2015	11.190	1.454	23.918	36.562
	2016	12.520	1.379	22.527	36.426
	2017	10.255	1.817	17.025	29.097
	2018	13.061	1.636	20.273	34.970
	2019	10.780	1.644	23.560	35.984
	2020	9.660	1.514	22.885	34.059
	2021	9.791	1.477	20.304	31.572
	2022	9.914	1.396	19.764	31.074
Market Value Rate	2013	0.22204	_	_	0.22204
	2014	0.16261	_	_	0.16261
	2015	0.16627	_	_	0.16627
	2016	0.18997	_	_	0.18997
	2017	0.17495	_	_	0.17495
	2018	0.15137	_	-	0.15137
	2019	0.28318	_	_	0.28318
	2020	0.25716	_	_	0.25716
	2021	0.24786	_	_	0.24786
	2022	0.23695	_	_	0.23695

(1) Tax capacity rate is a percent of the adjusted net tax capacity. A property's net tax capacity is determined by multiplying its taxable market value by a state determined class rate. Class rates vary by property type and change periodically based on state legislation.

Source: Anoka County

Student Enrollment Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Average Daily Membership (ADM) (for Students Served or Tuition Paid)								
Year Ended June 30,	Handicapped and Pre-Kindergarten	Kindergarten	Elementary	Secondary	Total	Total Pupil Units			
2013	61.27	412.51	2,790.48	3,134.31	6,398.57	7,430.04			
2014	61.17	369.37	2,851.50	3,079.34	6,361.38	7,397.63			
2015	89.99	430.93	2,832.85	3,039.80	6,393.57	7,001.54			
2016	101.92	380.16	2,871.49	3,034.89	6,388.46	6,995.41			
2017	101.10	400.69	2,884.30	3,112.85	6,498.94	7,121.51			
2018	99.10	416.77	2,959.73	3,084.57	6,560.17	7,177.08			
2019	123.46	400.02	2,979.66	3,072.79	6,575.93	7,190.45			
2020	122.59	440.45	2,993.68	3,097.59	6,654.31	7,273.83			
2021	129.07	350.16	2,934.89	3,074.24	6,488.36	7,103.21			
2022	138.24	416.43	2,901.47	3,027.05	6,483.19	7,088.59			

Average Daily Membership (ADM) (for Students Served or Tuition Paid)

Note 1: Student enrollment numbers are estimated for the most recent fiscal year.

Note 2: ADM is weighted as follows in computing pupil units:

	Pre-Kindergarten	Handicapped Kindergarten	Half-Day Kindergarten	Full-Day Kindergarten	Elementary 1–3	Elementary 4–6	Secondary
Fiscal 2013 through 2014 Fiscal 2015	1.250	1.000	0.612	0.612	1.115	1.060	1.300
through 2022	1.000	1.000	0.550	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.200

Source: Minnesota Department of Education student reporting system

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SINGLE AUDIT AND OTHER REQUIRED REPORTS

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2022

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Federal ALN	Federal Expenditures			
U.S. Department of Agriculture					
Passed through Minnesota Department of Education					
Child nutrition cluster					
National School Lunch Program	10.555	\$ 220,488			
COVID-19 – National School Lunch Program	10.555	3,426,068			
Total ALN 10.55			\$ 3,646,556		
COVID-19 – School Breakfast Program	10.553		1,093,495		
Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559		218,288		
Total child nutrition cluster				\$ 4,958,339	
Child and Adult Care Food Program	10.558			1,033	
U.S. Department of Treasury					
Passed through Independent School District No. 11					
COVID-19 – Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	21.027		22,180		
Passed through Minnesota Department of Education					
COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	21.027		212,096		
Total ALN 21.027				234,276	
Federal Communications Commission					
Direct					
COVID-19 – Emergency Connectivity Fund Program	32.009			94,080	
U.S. Department of Education					
Direct					
Indian Education Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.060			18,284	
Passed through Minnesota Department of Education					
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010			398,958	
Special education cluster					
Special Education Grants to States	84.027	946,547			
COVID-19 – Special Education Grants to States	84.027	76,454			
Total ALN 84.027			1,023,001		
Special Education Preschool Grants	84.173	43,026			
COVID-19 – Special Education Preschool Grants	84.173	9,602			
Total ALN 84.173			52,628		
Total special education cluster	04404			1,075,629	
Special Education – Grants for Infants and Families	84.181			32,021	
English Language Acquisition State Grants	84.365			30,005	
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367			68,136	
Education Stabilization Fund					
COVID-19 – Governor's Emergency Education	94 4250		116.050		
Relief (GEER) Fund	84.425C		116,850		
COVID-19 – Elementary and Secondary School	94 4250		50.906		
Emergency Relief (ESSER) Fund	84.425D		50,896		
COVID-19 – American Rescue Plan – Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Policif (APD ESSED) Fund	94 42511		220 200		
Secondary School Emergency Relief (ARP ESSER) Fund COVID-19 – American Rescue Plan – Elementary and	84.425U		239,300		
Secondary School Emergency Relief – Homeless					
Children and Youth Fund	84.425W		1,598		
Total ALN 84.425	04.42J W		1,370	408,644	
10101 AL1 07.723				+00,044	

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (continued) Year Ended June 30, 2022

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Federal ALN	Federal Expenditures		
U.S. Department of Education (continued)				
Passed through Northeast Metropolitan Intermediate				
School District No. 916				
Career and Technical Education – Basic Grants to States	84.048	10,695		
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services				
Passed through Minnesota Department of Education				
COVID-19 – Epidemiology and Laboratory Capacity for				
Infectious Diseases (ELC)	93.323	356,963		
Passed through Minnesota Department of Human Services				
COVID-19 - Child Care and Development Block Grant	93.575	281,824		
Total federal awards		\$ 7,968,887		

- Note 1: The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is prepared on the accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the OMB's *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards.* Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from the amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the District's basic financial statements.
- Note 2: The pass-through entities listed above use the same federal Assistance Listing Numbers (ALN) as the federal grantors to identify these grants, and have not assigned any additional identifying numbers.
- Note 3: The District did not elect to use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate.
- Note 4: The District transferred \$18,259 into Title I, federal ALN 84.010 from other Title programs.
- Note 5: The District had \$215,628 of noncash assistance included in the National School Lunch Program, federal ALN 10.555.

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PRINCIPALS Thomas A. Karnowski, CPA Paul A. Radosevich, CPA William J. Lauer, CPA James H. Eichten, CPA Aaron J. Nielsen, CPA Victoria L. Holinka, CPA/CMA Jaclyn M. Huegel, CPA Kalen T. Karnowski, CPA

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL

OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS

BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN

ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the School Board and Management of Independent School District No. 12 Circle Pines, Minnesota

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Independent School District No. 12 (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 8, 2022.

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified.

(continued)

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REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

PURPOSE OF THIS REPORT

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Malloy, Montague, Karnowski, Radosenich & Co., P.A.

Minneapolis, Minnesota December 8, 2022



PRINCIPALS Thomas A. Karnowski, CPA Paul A. Radosevich, CPA William J. Lauer, CPA James H. Eichten, CPA Aaron J. Nielsen, CPA Victoria L. Holinka, CPA/CMA Jaclyn M. Huegel, CPA Kalen T. Karnowski, CPA

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR

EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL

CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the School Board and Management of Independent School District No. 12 Circle Pines, Minnesota

REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM

OPINION ON EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM

We have audited Independent School District No. 12's (the District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022. The District's major federal programs are identified in the Summary of Audit Results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major programs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

BASIS FOR OPINION ON EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance requirements referred to above.

(continued)

RESPONSIBILITIES OF **M**ANAGEMENT FOR **COMPLIANCE**

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to on the previous page and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the District's federal programs.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF COMPLIANCE

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to on the previous page occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiency, or a combination of deficiency and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiency, or a combination of deficiency are a combination of deficiency and corrected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section on the previous page and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material control over compliance that we consider to be material control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Malloy, Montague, Karnowski, Radosenich & Co., P.A.

Minneapolis, Minnesota December 8, 2022

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PRINCIPALS Thomas A. Karnowski, CPA Paul A. Radosevich, CPA William J. Lauer, CPA James H. Eichten, CPA Aaron J. Nielsen, CPA Victoria L. Holinka, CPA/CMA Jaclyn M. Huegel, CPA Kalen T. Karnowski, CPA

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

ON MINNESOTA LEGAL COMPLIANCE

To the School Board and Management of Independent School District No. 12 Circle Pines, Minnesota

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Independent School District No. 12 (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 8, 2022.

MINNESOTA LEGAL COMPLIANCE

In connection with our audit, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that the District failed to comply with the provisions of the contracting – bid laws, depositories of public funds and public investments, conflicts of interest, public indebtedness, claims and disbursements, miscellaneous provisions, and uniform financial accounting and reporting standards sections of the *Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for School Districts*, promulgated by the State Auditor pursuant to Minnesota Statutes § 6.65, insofar as they relate to accounting matters. However, our audit was not directed primarily toward obtaining knowledge of such noncompliance. Accordingly, had we performed additional procedures, other matters may have come to our attention regarding the District's noncompliance with the above referenced provisions, insofar as they relate to accounting matters.

PURPOSE OF THIS REPORT

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Malloy, Montague, Karnowski, Radosenich & Co., P.A.

Minneapolis, Minnesota December 8, 2022

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Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2022

A. SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS

This summary is formatted to provide federal granting agencies and pass-through agencies answers to specific questions regarding the audit of federal awards.

Financial Statements

What type of auditor's report is issued?	<u>X</u>		Unmodified Qualified Adverse Disclaimer	
Internal control over financial reporting:				
Material weakness(es) identified?		Yes		X No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?		Yes		X None reported
Noncompliance material to the financial statements noted?		Yes		X No
Federal Awards				
Internal controls over major federal award programs:				
Material weakness(es) identified?		Yes		X No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?		Yes		X None reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs?				
The U.S. Department of Agriculture – Child Nutrition Cluster The U.S. Department of Education – COVID-19 – Education Stabilization Func	d			Unmodified Unmodified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?		Yes		X No
Programs tested as major programs:				
Program or Cluster(s)			Federal ALN	-
 U.S. Department of Agriculture – child nutrition cluster consisting of: National School Lunch Program COVID-19 – National School Lunch Program COVID-19 – School Breakfast Program Summer Food Service Program for Children The U.S. Department of Education – Education Stabilization Fund consisting o COVID-19 – Governor's Emergency Education Relief (GEER) Fund COVID-19 – Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER) Fund COVID-19 – American Rescue Plan – Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief – Homeless Children and Youth Fund 	f:		10.555 10.555 10.553 10.559 84.425C 84.425D 84.425D 84.425U 84.425W \$ 750,000	-
Does the auditee qualify as a low-risk auditee?	X	Yes		No

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs (continued) Year Ended June 30, 2022

B. FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

None.

C. FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

None.

D. MINNESOTA LEGAL COMPLIANCE FINDINGS

None.

Uniform Financial Accounting and Reporting Standards Compliance Table June 30, 2022

			Audit		UFARS	Audi	t – UFARS
Coursel Frend							
General Fund Total revenue		\$	92,574,023	\$	92,574,023	\$	_
Total expenditures		\$	82,887,870	\$	82,887,872	\$	(2)
Nonspendable							
460 Destricted	Nonspendable fund balance	\$	195,045	\$	195,045	\$	-
Restricted 401	Student activities	\$	160,022	\$	160,022	\$	_
402	Scholarships	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_
403	Staff development	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-
407	Capital projects levy	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
408	Cooperative revenue	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
413 414	Projects funded by COP Operating debt	\$ \$	_	\$ \$	_	\$ \$	_
416	Levy reduction	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
417	Taconite building maintenance	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
424	Operating capital	\$	3,245,404	\$	3,245,404	\$	-
426	\$25 taconite	\$	(112.505)	\$	- (112 505)	\$	-
427 428	Disabled accessibility Learning and development	\$ \$	(112,595)	\$ \$	(112,595)	\$ \$	_
434	Area learning center	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
435	Contracted alternative programs	\$	_	\$	_	\$	-
436	State approved alternative program	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
438	Gifted and talented	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
440 441	Teacher development and evaluation Basic skills programs	\$ \$	_	\$ \$	_	\$ \$	_
448	Achievement and integration	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
449	Safe schools levy	\$	269,309	\$	269,309	\$	_
451	QZAB payments	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-
452	OPEB liability not in trust	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
453 459	Unfunded severance and retirement levy Basic skills extended time	\$ \$	_	\$ \$	_	\$ \$	-
459	Long-term facilities maintenance	3 \$	6,246,146	э \$	6,246,146	\$	_
472	Medical Assistance	\$	592,891	\$	592,891	\$	_
473	PPP loans	\$	-	\$	_	\$	-
474	EIDL loans	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
464 475	Restricted fund balance	\$ \$	-	\$ \$	-	\$ \$	-
475	Title VII – Impact Aid PILT	5 \$	_	5 \$	_	» Տ	_
Committed		Ψ		φ		Ψ	
418	Committed for separation	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-
461	Committed fund balance	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Assigned 462	Assigned fund halance	\$	12 669 275	\$	12 669 275	\$	
Unassigned	Assigned fund balance	\$	13,668,375	ą	13,668,375	æ	_
422	Unassigned fund balance	\$	18,832,200	\$	18,832,200	\$	_
Food Service							
Total revenue Total expenditures		\$ \$	5,560,029 3,970,768	\$ \$	5,560,029 3,970,768	\$ \$	-
Nonspendable		φ	5,970,708	φ	3,970,708	φ	_
460	Nonspendable fund balance	\$	81,837	\$	81,837	\$	_
Restricted							
452	OPEB liability not in trust	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
474 464	EIDL loans Restricted fund balance	\$	2,301,167	\$ \$	2,301,167	\$ \$	-
Unassigned	Restricted fund balance	\$	2,501,107	ą	2,501,107	æ	_
463	Unassigned fund balance	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Community Service		ŕ	5 570 052	¢	5 570 052	¢	
Total revenue Total expenditures		\$ \$	5,570,053 4,772,149	\$ \$	5,570,053 4,772,149	\$ \$	_
Nonspendable		Ψ	4,772,149	φ	4,772,149	Ψ	
460	Nonspendable fund balance	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Restricted							
426	\$25 taconite	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
431 432	Community education ECFE	\$ \$	1,417,187 547,798	\$ \$	1,417,187 547,798	\$ \$	_
432	Teacher development and evaluation	3 \$		э \$	-	\$	_
444	School readiness	\$	214,991	\$	214,991	\$	_
447	Adult basic education	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-
452	OPEB liability not in trust	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-
473 474	PPP loans EIDL loans	\$ \$	_	\$ \$	-	\$ \$	-
474 464	Restricted fund balance	3 \$	39,012	э \$	39,012	\$	_
Unassigned							
463	Unassigned fund balance	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-

Uniform Financial Accounting and Reporting Standards Compliance Table (continued) June 30, 2022

		Audit		UFARS		Audit – UFARS	
Building Constru	netion						
Total revenue		\$	2,007	\$	2,007	\$	_
Total expendit	ures	\$	6,882,452	\$	6,882,451	\$	1
Nonspendat			-,,-		-,,-		
460	Nonspendable fund balance	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-
Restricted							
407	Capital projects levy	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
413	Projects funded by COP	\$	375,861	\$	375,861	\$	-
467	Long-term facilities maintenance	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
464	Restricted fund balance	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Unassigned 463	Unassigned fund balance	\$	-	\$	_	\$	_
Debt Service							
Total revenue		\$	9,101,876	\$	9,101,876	\$	-
Total expendit		\$	9,280,309	\$	9,280,309	\$	-
Nonspendal							
460	Nonspendable fund balance	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Restricted							
425	Bond refundings	\$	58,390,584	\$	58,390,584	\$	-
433	Maximum effort loan	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-
451	QZAB payments	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-
467	Long-term facilities maintenance Restricted fund balance	\$ \$	2,225,656	\$ \$	2,225,656	\$ \$	_
464 Unassigned		\$	2,225,050	2	2,225,050	\$	-
463	Unassigned fund balance	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_
Trust							
Total revenue		\$	_	\$	-	\$	-
Total expendit		\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
401	Student activities	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-
402	Scholarships	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-
422	Net position	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_
Custodial Fund							
Total revenue		\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Total expendit		\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
401	Student activities	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-
402	Scholarships	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
448	Achievement and integration	\$	_	\$	-	\$	_
464	Restricted fund balance	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Internal Service		¢	11 217 506	¢	11 217 505	¢	
Total revenue	11404	\$ \$	11,317,506	\$ \$	11,317,506	\$ \$	- (1)
Total expendit 422		\$ \$	10,642,749 4,989,829	э \$	10,642,750 4,989,829	\$ \$	(1)
	Net position	φ	4,989,829	3	4,989,829	φ	_
OPEB Revocable	e Trust Fund	¢		¢		¢	
Total revenue		\$ \$	-	\$ \$	-	\$ \$	-
Total expendit 422	Net position	\$ \$	_	5 \$	_	\$ \$	_
OPEB Irrevocab	ble Trust Fund						
Total revenue		\$	(1,086,797)	\$	(1,086,796)	\$	(1)
Total expendit	ures	\$	1,330,053	\$	1,330,053	\$	_
422	Net position	\$	9,879,354	\$	9,879,354	\$	-
OPEB Debt Serv	rice Fund	¢	500 500	¢	580,598	¢	
Total revenue Total expendit	11600	\$ \$	580,598	\$ \$	· · · · ·	\$	-
Nonspendat		\$	602,239	\$	602,239	\$	-
460	Nonspendable fund balance	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Restricted							
425	Bond refundings	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
464	Restricted fund balance	\$	139,344	\$	139,344	\$	-
Unassigned		*		<i>.</i>		¢	
463	Unassigned fund balance	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-

Note: Statutory restricted deficits, if any, are reported in unassigned fund balances in the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

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